

Protecting and improving the nation's health

Cancer Outcomes and Services Data set Version 7.0.2

User Guide - Pathology

About Public Health England

Public Health England exists to protect and improve the nation's health and wellbeing, and reduce health inequalities. It does this through world-class science, knowledge and intelligence, advocacy, partnerships and the delivery of specialist public health services. PHE is an operationally autonomous executive agency of the Department of Health.

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Version Control

Version	Date	Brief Summary of Change	Editor
6.0	04.03.2015	First Version produced as condensed pathology version of COSD User Guide 6.0	Barry Plewa
6.0.2	15.07.2015	Minor Amendments to dataset: Mandation changes to some fields Allowed mutiple values for diagnostic coding Schema files renamed to make them distinct from main COSD schema	Barry Plewa
7.0	22.06.2016	Changes since publication of Version 6.0.2 of dataset, including any errata.	Andrew Murphy
7.0.1	13.09.2016	Corrections to CR6480 & CR6490 to correct error	Andrew Murphy
7.0.2	11.05.2016	Mapping table added to support collection of BA3070 - MOLECULAR DIAGNOSTICS CODE (pg28)	Andrew Murphy

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Status – User Guide

Cancer Outcomes and Services Dataset – Version 7.0 Release (April 2017)

This User Guide is one of a suite of documents to aid Users in implementing the COSD Information Standard (ISN SCCI 1521)1 which was mandated from January 2013. It includes all the data items in COSD, together with definitions, formats, codes and values and additional guidance on collection and implementation.

This User Guide is aligned with, and should be read in conjunction with version 7.0 of the dataset which is available to download on the NCIN website2. Other guidance and supporting documents are also available on the NCIN website and we are continuing to explore an online version of the Guide.

This revised version of the User Guide incorporates some amendments to the dataset, an extension of scope and a revision of the current schema specification in order to continue to meet the business objectives of the standard. It accompanies a change notice for the standard (Amd 01/2016) which has been accepted by the Standardisation Committee for Care Information (SCCI), see the section "What's changed" for a summary of changes.

Implementation of the Standard is carried out by the National Cancer Registration and Analysis Service (NCRAS) and queries regarding implementation should initially be raised with the Data Liaison staff at the local offices of the NCRAS.

Queries regarding the Standard itself should be addressed in the first instance to COSDenquiries@phe.gov.uk or your local NCRAS Liaison Manager (their details can be obtained from the CancerStats portal).

All Providers have access to their current monthly position via CancerStats3 (NHS N3 connections only) which has been established by the NCRAS. This provides feedback on files submitted (Level 1) and completion for some key data items (Level 2), where the files are submitted in the prescribed XML format. It also now includes the next level of reports (Level 3), which covers data that has been processed and quality assured by the NCRAS.

In addition there are now reporting tools for the National Lung Cancer Audit (NLCA) and the National Prostate Cancer Audit (NPCA) as well as access to population level Incidence, Mortality and Survival data. It is expected that in 2017 there will be additional reporting of the National Radiotherapy dataset (RTDS), Clinical Headline Indicators (CHI) and COSD Pathology.

We would like to take this opportunity to thank all those who have been involved in the development and implementation of the Standard and encourage you to continue to send us your comments which help to identify necessary amendments and improvements. A new COSD Advisory Board has also been created which has Trust level representation to help manage change moving forward.

Andrew Murphy,

Head of Cancer Datasets

National Cancer Registration and Analysis Service (NCRAS), Public Health England (PHE)

June 2016

Acknowledgement of material used

¹ <u>http://www.hscic.gov.uk/isce/publication/scci1521</u>

² <u>http://www.ncin.org.uk/collecting and using data/data collection/cosd</u>

³ https://nww.cancerstats.nhs.uk/users/sign_in

Cancer Outcomes and Services Data set (COSD) version 7.0.2 – Pathology User Guide

The use of TNM Classification of Malignant Tumours in this guide is with the permission of the Union for International Cancer Control (UICC), Geneva, Switzerland. The original source for this material is TNM Classification of Malignant Tumours, 7th Edition, by L.H. Sobin, M. K. Gospodarowicz and C. Wittekind (eds.), published by Wiley-Blackwell.

Introduction

What is the Cancer Outcomes and Services Dataset?

The Cancer Outcomes and Services Dataset (COSD) is the national standard for reporting cancer in the NHS in England. It replaced the former National Cancer Dataset and the former Cancer Registration Dataset and includes additional site specific data items relevant to the different tumour types. It is aligned with other national cancer datasets, including Cancer Waiting Times(NCWTMDS)⁴, Radiotherapy (RTDS)⁵, Systemic Anti-Cancer Therapy (SACT)⁶ and Diagnostic Imaging (DID)⁷.

Why is it needed?

We needed to revise the National Cancer Dataset to ensure that we meet the current information requirements for the NHS. The Cancer Reform Strategy (2007) identified better information and stronger commissioning as two of the key drivers to achieve the goal that cancer services in this country should be amongst the best in the world. The subsequent Improving Outcomes: A Strategy for Cancer (January 2011) further supported this concept to demonstrate cancer outcomes using high quality data and intelligence for all stakeholders.

The Achieving World-Class Cancer Outcomes, A Strategy for England 2015-2020 (Taskforce Report) further strengthens the need to have strong cancer data collection and empowers both PHE and NHS England to enforce this through the mandate of data collection. These data will be the base for cancer analysis and research for the next five years.

Other guidance documentation

Technical Guidance and Implementation Guidance is provided separately and is available on the NCIN website⁸.

Which diagnoses does COSD apply to?

For the purposes of COSD the term "cancer" relates to all conditions defined as registerable by the UK and Ireland Association of Cancer Registries (UKIACR) and these are listed in Appendix B & C. This covers all new diagnoses and secondary/metastatic breast cancer from 1st January 2013.

All recurrences diagnosed from 1st July 2015 must now be included. All recurrences diagnosed from 1st April to 31st June 2015 can be included if available.

http://www.datadictionary.nhs.uk/data_dictionary/messages/clinical_data_sets/data_sets/national_cancer_waiting_times_monitoring_data_set_fr.asp <u>?shownav=1</u> http://www.datadictionary.nhs.uk/data_dictionary/messages/clinical_data_sets/data_sets/radiotherapy_data_set_fr.asp?shownav=1

⁶ http://www.datadictionary.nhs.uk/data_dictionary/messages/clinical_data_sets/data_sets/systemic_anti-

cancer_therapy_data_set_fr.asp?shownav=1

http://www.datadictionary.nhs.uk/data dictionary/messages/clinical data sets/data sets/data imaging data set fr.asp?shownav=1 ⁸ http://www.ncin.org.uk/home

What data items should be completed?

All registerable conditions should be reported as defined in Appendix A. This includes submitting all pathology reports for these cases.

In addition to the core dataset, most cases will also require a site specific dataset to be completed.

The CORE LINKAGE items are Mandatory and must be submitted for all records. (Please note that the core linkage for pathology differs from the main linkage items.)

All other applicable data in each section marked as 'required' should be submitted for each record as soon as available.

How is Pathology Recorded?

There is also a separate schema for reporting pathology data items. These data should be reported by the pathologist, directly from their Laboratory Information Management Systems (LIMS), and sent monthly to the NCRAS (from the pathology department) in structured COSD XML.

It is not expected therefore that MDT Coordinators or other non-clinical staff, should attempt to read and transcribe these reports and information into COSD. The reduction in their workload by removing this duplication is estimated to be approximately up-to 30%, and this time should be used to ensure full compliance for data collection across all other data-items.

When should the data be submitted?

The deadline for first submitting a record is 25 working days after the end of month of Diagnosis. All available relevant data items should be included and additional information or updates not available at the time should be uploaded with ensuing monthly submissions. Treatments not submitted with the initial record should also be submitted within 25 working days of the end of month of the Treatment Start Date.

It is important to note that COSD and CWT will no longer be reported on the same day. CWT are planning to reduce the reporting time following the end of each month, whereas (due to the size and complexity of the data), COSD will continue to use the full 25 working days.

The reporting dates can be found on the <u>CancerStats</u> website.

Feedback and Queries

This User Guide provides additional information to support the COSD Specification and should also be used in conjunction with the COSD Dataset v7.0. Implementation and Technical Guidance documents are also available for further information on the <u>NCIN website</u>.

Feedback and questions relating to the COSD are welcomed and should be emailed to <u>COSDenquiries@phe.gov.uk</u>

I would like to express my thanks to all those who have participated and continue to provide support and guidance in the development of this information standard. Specific thanks goes to the COSD Advisory Group and SSCRG members for helping to guide COSD and continue to ensure all data is clinically relevant and not out-of-date.

Andrew Murphy, Head of Cancer Datasets, (NCRAS) PHE

Using This Guide

This COSD Pathology User Guide is a summary guide based on the complete COSD User Guide v7.0. The full document provides additional information to support the COSD Specification and should also be used in conjunction with the COSD Dataset v7.0. Implementation and Technical Guidance documents are also available for further information on the NCIN website.

Layout of the User Guide

The Guide includes a Generic chapter for Core dataset followed by individual chapters for each of the site specific datasets applicable to each Tumour Group.

Schema Specification

Mandatory

The CORE LINKAGE items are Mandatory and must be submitted for all records. It is vital that these are always available so that the correct information can be linked to the right patient and the correct tumour. *A record will not be able to be submitted if any mandatory data item is missing*. These records should not be added to the main file otherwise the whole file will fail the schema.

Required

Most other data-items are set as 'Required'. This means that if they are applicable to the reported tumour or patient pathway, they **must** be completed and treated as a mandatory item. Not every data-item however will be applicable to every patient or tumour, by using 'Required', this allows for a more accurate and inclusive collection of data. Therefore all applicable data in each section marked as 'required' must be submitted for each record as soon as available.

Pilot

In some cases new data-items maybe piloted by a small group of Trusts. These data **<u>do not</u>** have to be completed by any other Trust unless you are part of the pilot. If you want to submit these data, please speak with your regional NCRAS liaison team(s). All pilot data-items are under review and may change in future version controls of COSD⁹.

Optional

There are a few data-items that are optional, any Trust can submit these data, but there is no requirement to enforce this data collection at this point. All optional data-items are under review and may change in future version controls of COSD.

Items marked as "X"

In the schema specification items marked as "X" should not be submitted as part of the COSD data flow from Providers. These items will be collected from other sources such as ONS or are submitted under other standards such as Cancer Waiting Times and RTDS. Items that are shared specifically with the Cancer Waiting Times dataset (NCWTMDS) are marked as (CWT) in the relevant descriptions. However for COSD these items are all extended to relate to all registerable conditions. Definitions within these items for "primary cancer" are therefore also extended to cover all registerable conditions.

⁹ There are currently no new data-items being piloted by Trusts.

Meaning of "NOT KNOWN" value

"Not known" includes both "not recorded" and for example "test not done". This is usually coded 9 or 99 (depending on the data item format).

List of Registerable Diseases

The ICD10 disease codes lists for all registerable conditions (C & D codes) are provided in Appendices B.

Key to Data Item Tables

All data items are listed as follows:

- Data item No:
 - \circ $\,$ The reference number for the COSD data item $\,$
- Data Item Section:
 - The section in which the data item appears
- Data Item Name:
 - The name of the data item. This is followed by the [DATA DICTIONARY ITEM NAME] if different in purple
- Format:
 - Format required for submission of the data item

National Codes

Where there is a defined list of values for a data item, the code appears on the left of the table and the definition appears on the right, as shown in the example below.

National Code	Definition	
1	1 to 3	
2	4 or more	
U	Number uncertain	

Demographics

Demographic details are required for every record in order to ensure that the correct patient can be identified and information can be correctly linked.

The Demographics section should be completed by every Provider the first time a record is submitted.

There will only be one Demographics section completed for each record. Demographic linkage items will be required each time the record is submitted. Almost all patients should have an NHS Number and this should always be included where available. For those who do not have an NHS Number, the hospital number (LOCAL PATIENT IDENTIFIER) must be provided.

Cancer Outcomes and Services Data set (COSD) version 7.0.2 – Pathology User Guide

Diagnosis

Both Topography and Morphology (SNOMED and/or ICD) must be completed for all cases.

Pathology

Pathological diagnosis and grade (where applicable) are recorded on biopsies and may be amended after surgical resection (if appropriate), when pathological staging should also be available. Full text pathology reports should always be submitted.

Linkage Data Items

In order to ensure that records submitted can be linked appropriately some key data fields must be completed for each record submitted. These are shown in the Core Linkage section. For pathology records this includes both Patient Identity and Pathology details and differs from the main core linkage items identified in the full User Guide.

There will be one linkage section completed each time the record is submitted.

1. CORE

These items are Mandatory for every record in order to link patient records.

In order to ensure that records submitted can be linked appropriately some key data fields must be completed for each record submitted. These are shown in the Core Linkage section.

There will be one linkage section completed each time the record is submitted.

Note: It is important to refer to the Pathology User Guide if reporting pathology direct from the LIMS as there are different linkage items required.

1.1 CORE LINKAGE

These items are Mandatory for every record in order to link patient records.

1.1 CORE LINKAGE – PATIENT IDENTITY DETAILS

Data item No.	Data Item Section	Data Item Name	Format	Schema specification (M/R/O/X)
CR0010	CORE - PATIENT IDENTITY DETAILS	NHS NUMBER	n10	M ¹
CR0020	CORE - PATIENT IDENTITY DETAILS	LOCAL PATIENT IDENTIFIER [LOCAL PATIENT IDENTIFIER (EXTENDED)]	max an20	M ¹
CR1350	CORE - PATIENT IDENTITY DETAILS	NHS NUMBER STATUS INDICATOR CODE	an2	М
CR0100	CORE - PATIENT IDENTITY DETAILS	PERSON BIRTH DATE	an10 ccyy- mm-dd	R
CR0030	CORE - PATIENT IDENTITY DETAILS	ORGANISATION CODE (CODE OF PROVIDER)	an3 or an5	М

A combination of NHS NUMBER and/or LOCAL PATIENT IDENTIFIER is Mandatory for the schema

NHS NUMBER: The NHS NUMBER is a unique identifier for a PATIENT within the NHS in England and Wales. This will not vary by any ORGANISATION of which a PERSON is a PATIENT.

LOCAL PATIENT IDENTIFIER: For linkage purposes, NHS NUMBER and/or LOCAL PATIENT IDENTIFIER are required. This is a number used to identify a PATIENT uniquely within a Health Care Provider. It may be different from the PATIENT's casenote number and may be assigned automatically by the computer system.

Note: This has been extended to 'max an20' to help support Trusts where local numbers are now >10 and prevents data being truncated on upload.

NHS NUMBER STATUS INDICATOR CODE: The NHS NUMBER STATUS INDICATOR CODE indicates the verification status of the NHS number provided.

01	Number present and verified
02	Number present but not traced

03	Trace required		
04	Trace attempted - No match or multiple match found		
05	Trace needs to be resolved - (NHS Number or patient detail conflict)		
06	Trace in progress		
07	Number not present and trace not required		
08	Trace postponed (baby under six weeks old)		

PERSON BIRTH DATE: The date on which a PERSON was born or is officially deemed to have been born.

ORGANISATION CODE (CODE OF PROVIDER): The ORGANISATION CODE of the ORGANISATION acting as a Health Care Provider. This is the three digit code of the organisation submitting the demographic details. This will therefore normally be either the organisation where the referral is received or the treating organisation¹⁰.

1.1 CORE LINKAGE – PATHOLOGY DETAILS:

Note: INVESTIGATION RESULT DATE & SERVICE REPORT IDENTIFIER: are no longer required as core linkage, due to the way the data set has now been re-structured

1.2 CORE – DEMOGRAPHIC DETAILS

Demographic details are required for every record in order to ensure that the correct patient can be identified and information can be correctly linked.

The Demographics section should be completed by every Provider the first time a record is submitted.

There will only be one Demographics section completed for each record. Demographic linkage items will be required each time the record is submitted. Almost all patients should have an NHS Number and this should always be included where available. For those who do not have an NHS Number, the hospital number (LOCAL PATIENT IDENTIFIER) must be provided.

It is anticipated that some of the demographic data items listed below will be collected by every provider with which the patient has contact. Where this information is exchanged, the appropriate data item name should be used.

This section will be recorded once.

Data item No.	Data Item Section	Data Item Name	Format	Schema specification (M/R/O/X)
CR0050	CORE - DEMOGRAPHICS	PERSON FAMILY NAME	max an35	R
CR0060	CORE - DEMOGRAPHICS	PERSON GIVEN NAME	max an35	R

¹⁰ http://www.datadictionary.nhs.uk/data_dictionary/attributes/o/org/organisation_code_de.asp?guery=organisation%20code&rank=1001

CR0070	CORE - DEMOGRAPHICS	PATIENT USUAL ADDRESS (AT DIAGNOSIS)	an175 (5 lines each an35)	R
CR0080	CORE - DEMOGRAPHICS	POSTCODE OF USUAL ADDRESS (AT DIAGNOSIS)	max an8	R
CR3170	CORE - DEMOGRAPHICS	PERSON STATED GENDER CODE	an1	R

PERSON FAMILY NAME: That part of a PERSON's name which is used to describe family, clan, tribal group, or marital association.

PERSON GIVEN NAME: The forename(s) or given name(s) of a PERSON.

PATIENT USUAL ADDRESS (AT DIAGNOSIS): The PATIENT USUAL ADDRESS of the PATIENT at the time of PATIENT DIAGNOSIS.

POSTCODE OF USUAL ADDRESS (AT DIAGNOSIS): The POSTCODE OF USUAL ADDRESS of the PATIENT at the time of PATIENT DIAGNOSIS.

PERSON STATED GENDER CODE: Person's gender as self-declared (or inferred by observation for those unable to declare their PERSON STATED GENDER).

1	Male
2	Female
9	Indeterminate (Unable to be classified as either male or female)
Х	Not known (PERSON STATED GENDER CODE not recorded)

1.1 CORE – PATHOLOGY

As of January 2016, all pathology should be submitted to the NCRAS in structured xml. These reports will include all the data as prescribed below and would be submitted to the NCRAS directly from the pathology Laboratory Information Management Systems (LIMS). Once the pathologist has completed and signed off each report, they can be submitted either individually or as a monthly batch of data.

<u>There is no expectation therefore for Providers to double enter these data by non-clinical</u> <u>MDT coordinators trying to read a pathology report and transcribe the relevant</u> <u>information correctly into their local cancer information system.</u>

Pathological diagnosis and grade (where applicable) are recorded on biopsies and may be amended after surgical resection (if appropriate), when pathological staging should also be available. Full text pathology reports should be submitted to include these data items if structured coded extracts are not available.

There may be more than one Pathology section completed for each record.

To carry the pathology details. The core dataset includes general pathological items which are applicable to all tumour sites unless otherwise stated. Site specific pathology items relating to stage components are included in the site specific pathology sections. These core and site specific items are a subset of the RCPath cancer data sets which have been approved as Professional Standards by the College.

Where structured reporting systems are not available for pathology it is expected that many of

the relevant data items will be included in the free text pathology report. Providers may also wish to submit these items from other structured systems such as MDT software, however the original pathology report should always be submitted and there is no expectation for Providers to double enter these data unless they have chosen to do so for local purposes.

A patient may have any number of pathology reports, and there may be more than one pathology report per specimen.

This section can be recorded more than once.

Data item No.	Data Item Section	Data Item Name	Format	Schema specification (M/R/O/X)	
CR0780	CORE - PATHOLOGY DETAILS	INVESTIGATION RESULT DATE	an10 ccyy- mm-dd	R	
CR0950	CORE - PATHOLOGY DETAILS	SERVICE REPORT IDENTIFIER	max an18	R	
CR6220	CORE - PATHOLOGY DETAILS	PATHOLOGY OBSERVATION REPORT IDENTIFIER	max an18	R	
CR0960	CORE - PATHOLOGY DETAILS	SERVICE REPORT STATUS	an1	R	
CR0990	CORE - PATHOLOGY DETAILS	CARE PROFESSIONAL CODE (PATHOLOGY TEST REQUESTED BY)	an8	R	
CR0980	CORE - PATHOLOGY DETAILS	ORGANISATION SITE CODE (PATHOLOGY TEST REQUESTED BY) [SITE CODE (OF PATHOLOGY TEST REQUEST)]	min an5 max an9	R	
CR1010	CORE - PATHOLOGY DETAILS	SAMPLE COLLECTION DATE	an10 ccyy- mm-dd	R	
CR0770	CORE - PATHOLOGY DETAILS	SAMPLE RECEIPT DATE	an10 ccyy- mm-dd	R	
CR0800	CORE - PATHOLOGY DETAILS	ORGANISATION CODE (OF REPORTING PATHOLOGIST)	an3 or an5	R	
CR0790	CORE - PATHOLOGY DETAILS	CONSULTANT CODE (PATHOLOGIST)	an8	R	
CR0970	CORE - PATHOLOGY DETAILS	SPECIMEN NATURE	an1	R	
CR6490	CORE - PATHOLOGY DETAILS	SNOMED VERSION	an2	R	
Start of repeating item - TOPOGRAPHY (SNOMED) PATHOLOGY					
CR6410	CORE - PATHOLOGY DETAILS	TOPOGRAPHY (SNOMED) PATHOLOGY [TOPOGRAPHY (SNOMED)]	an8	R	
· · · ·		GRAPHY (SNOMED) PATHOLOGY			
Start of repeating item - MORPHOLOGY (SNOMED) PATHOLOGY					

CR6420	CORE - PATHOLOGY DETAILS	MORPHOLOGY (SNOMED) PATHOLOGY	min n6 max n18	R			
	End of repeating item - MORPHOLOGY (SNOMED) PATHOLOGY						
Start of repe		ARY DIAGNOSIS (ICD PATHOLOGICAL)					
CR0810	CORE - PATHOLOGY DETAILS	PRIMARY DIAGNOSIS (ICD PATHOLOGICAL)	min an4 max an6	R			
End of repe	ating item - PRIMA	RY DIAGNOSIS (ICD PATHOLOGICAL)					
CR0820	CORE - PATHOLOGY DETAILS	TUMOUR LATERALITY (PATHOLOGICAL)	an1	R			
CR0760	CORE - PATHOLOGY DETAILS	PATHOLOGY INVESTIGATION TYPE	an2	R			
CR1020	CORE - PATHOLOGY DETAILS	PATHOLOGY REPORT TEXT	max an270000	R			
CR0830	CORE - PATHOLOGY DETAILS	LESION SIZE (PATHOLOGICAL)	max n3.max n2	R			
CR0860	CORE - PATHOLOGY DETAILS	GRADE OF DIFFERENTIATION (PATHOLOGICAL)	an2	R			
CR0870	CORE - PATHOLOGY DETAILS	CANCER VASCULAR OR LYMPHATIC INVASION	an2	R			
CR0880	CORE - PATHOLOGY DETAILS	EXCISION MARGIN [EXCISION MARGIN INDICATION CODE]	an2	R			
CR0840	CORE - PATHOLOGY DETAILS	SYNCHRONOUS TUMOUR INDICATOR	an1	R			
CR0890	CORE - PATHOLOGY DETAILS	NUMBER OF NODES EXAMINED	max n3	R			
CR0900	CORE - PATHOLOGY DETAILS	NUMBER OF NODES POSITIVE	max n3	R			
CR0910	CORE - PATHOLOGY DETAILS	T CATEGORY (PATHOLOGICAL)	max an5	R			
CR0920	CORE - PATHOLOGY DETAILS	N CATEGORY (PATHOLOGICAL)	max an5	R			
CR0930	CORE - PATHOLOGY DETAILS	M CATEGORY (PATHOLOGICAL)	max an5	R			
CR0940	CORE - PATHOLOGY DETAILS	TNM STAGE GROUPING (PATHOLOGICAL)	max an5	R			
CR1000	CORE - PATHOLOGY DETAILS	NEOADJUVANT THERAPY INDICATOR	an1	R			

INVESTIGATION RESULT DATE: The date on which an investigation was concluded e.g. the date the result was authorised.

SERVICE REPORT IDENTIFIER: A unique identifier of a SERVICE REPORT.

PATHOLOGY OBSERVATION REPORT IDENTIFIER: local identifier of an OBSERVATION REPORT.

Note: This differs from the Service Report Identifier as it identifies the specific RC Path Form used, multiple of these could be contained within a Service Report (where there are multiple tumours are identified). This was included after discussion with a major LIMS supplier.

SERVICE REPORT STATUS: The status of the SERVICE REPORT.

1	Final (complete)
2	Preliminary (Interim)
3	Test not available
4	Unspecified
5	Supplementary/second opinion
6	Deleted

Note: This field has the addition of [6 – Deleted], included after discussion with a major LIMS supplier.

CARE PROFESSIONAL CODE (PATHOLOGY TEST REQUESTED BY): The code of the CARE PROFESSIONAL who requests the pathology test. This is not required if the request comes from a GENERAL MEDICAL PRACTITIONER.

ORGANISATION SITE CODE (PATHOLOGY TEST REQUESTED BY) The ORGANISATION SITE CODE of the ORGANISATION at which the CARE PROFESSIONAL who requested the DIAGNOSTIC TEST REQUEST for suspected cancer is based.

SAMPLE COLLECTION DATE: The date that a SAMPLE collection takes place or the start of a period for SAMPLE collection. This is the same as the date the Sample is taken.

SAMPLE RECEIPT DATE: Date of receipt of a SAMPLE by a LABORATORY.

ORGANISATION CODE (OF REPORTING PATHOLOGIST): This is the ORGANISATION CODE of the ORGANISATION at which the authorising pathologist is based.

CONSULTANT CODE (PATHOLOGIST): The CONSULTANT CODE of the Pathologist who authorises the pathology report.

SPECIMEN NATURE: The nature of the specimen taken during a Clinical Investigation.

1	Primary tumour
2	Further excision of primary tumour
4	Regional Lymph Nodes
5	Metastatic site other than regional lymph nodes
9	Not known

Where none of the above options are applicable, 'Not known' maybe selected.

Note: TOPOGRAPHY (SNOMED) & TOPOGRAPHY (SNOMED) PATHOLOGY have been replaced by [CR6410] and supported by [CR6490] to help identify the version of SNOMED used by the provider Trust. This will allow for more accurate recording of Topography (SNOMED) Pathology, using SNOMED CT from 01-04-2017 and SNOMED International for historically coded cases. Versions of SNOMED prior to SNOMED CT ceased to be licenced by The International Health Terminology Standards Development Organisation (IHTSDO) after April 2017. They also becomes a multiple repeating data item, this will allow for multiple SNOMED Topography codes to be submitted where more than one diagnosis is reported from multiple samples in on report.

Note: MORPHOLOGY (SNOMED) & MORPHOLOGY (SNOMED CT) have been replaced by [CR6420] and

supported by [CR6490] to help identify the version of SNOMED used by the provider Trust. This will allow for more accurate recording of Morphology (SNOMED) Pathology, using SNOMED CT from 01-04-2017 and SNOMED International for historically coded cases. Versions of SNOMED prior to SNOMED CT ceased to be licenced by The International Health Terminology Standards Development Organisation (IHTSDO) after April 2017. They also becomes a multiple repeating data item, this will allow for multiple SNOMED Morphology codes to be submitted where more than one diagnosis is reported from multiple samples in on report.

SNOMED VERSION: The version of SNOMED used to encode MORPHOLOGY (SNOMED) PATHOLOGY and TOPOGRAPHY (SNOMED) PATHOLOGY.

Note: Versions of SNOMED prior to SNOMED CT cease to be licenced by The International Health Terminology Standards Development Organisation (IHTSDO) after April 2017 other than for historical content

01	SNOMED II
02	SNOMED 3
03	SNOMED 3.5
04	SNOMED RT
05	SNOMED CT
99	Not Known

TOPOGRAPHY (SNOMED) PATHOLOGY: This is the topographical site of the tumour as categorised by SNOMED International / SNOMED CT.

MORPHOLOGY (SNOMED) PATHOLOGY: This is the morphology of the tumour as categorised by SNOMED International / SNOMED CT.

Note: Versions of SNOMED prior to SNOMED CT cease to be licenced by The International Health Terminology Standards Development Organisation (IHTSDO) after April 2017 other than for historical content

PRIMARY DIAGNOSIS (ICD PATHOLOGICAL): The PRIMARY DIAGNOSIS based on the evidence from a pathological examination. Format CXX.X or DXX.X

TUMOUR LATERALITY (PATHOLOGICAL): Tumour laterality identifies the side of the body for a tumour relating to paired organs within a PATIENT based on the evidence from a pathological examination.

L	Left
R	Right
М	Midline
В	Bilateral
8	Not applicable
9	Not known

PATHOLOGY INVESTIGATION TYPE: The type of pathology investigation procedure carried

out.

Note: Please see Skin site specific dataset for further information on collecting this data item, including the site specific values to be used.

CY	Cytology
BU	Biopsy NOS
EX	Excision

Note: Versions of SNOMED prior to SNOMED CT cease to be licenced by The International Health Terminology Standards Development Organisation (IHTSDO) after April 2017 other than for historical content

PE	Partial Excision
RE	Radical Excision
FE	Further Excision
CU	Curettage
SB	Shave Biopsy
PB	Punch Biopsy
IB	Incisional Biopsy
99	Uncertain/other

PATHOLOGY REPORT TEXT: The full text from the pathology report which may be required by Registries to calculate diagnosis and staging details

LESION SIZE (PATHOLOGICAL): The size in millimetres of the diameter of a lesion, largest if more than one, if the histology of a SAMPLE proves to be invasive.

- Note: For COSD reporting purposes, this data item is not required to be submitted to two decimal places.
- Note: This data item is not applicable for Haematology diagnosis.

Note: Please see Skin site specific dataset for further information on collecting this data item, including the site specific values to be used.

GRADE OF DIFFERENTIATION (PATHOLOGICAL): The definitive grade of the Tumour based on the evidence from a pathological examination.

GX	Grade of differentiation is not appropriate or cannot be assessed
G1	Well differentiated
G2	Moderately differentiated
G3	Poorly differentiated
G4	Undifferentiated / anaplastic

Note:This data item is not applicable for CNS, Haematology and Sarcoma diagnosis.Note:Please see Skin site specific dataset for further information on collecting this data item,
including the site specific values to be used, although this data item is not used for
Melanoma, but is for Squamous Cell Carcinoma.

Note: This data item is not required for Sarcoma cancers. The 3-grade system should be used for sarcoma cancers and therefore HISTOPATHOLOGICAL TUMOUR GRADE (SA11120) should be submitted instead of this item.

CANCER VASCULAR OR LYMPHATIC INVASION: An indication of the presence or absence of unequivocal tumour in lymphatic and/or vascular spaces.

NU	No - vascular/lymphatic invasion not present
YU	Yes - vascular/lymphatic invasion present
YV	Vascular invasion only present
YL	Lymphatic invasion only present
YB	Both lymphatic and vascular invasion present
UU	Uncertain whether vascular/lymphatic invasion is present or not
XX	Cannot be assessed
99	Not known

Note: This data item is not applicable for Haematology diagnosis.

EXCISION MARGIN: An indication of whether the excision margin was clear of the tumour and if so, by how much. Where there is more than one measurement, record the closest or closest relevant margin. Where actual measurements are not taken use options 01, 05 or 06.

01	Excision margins are clear (distance from margin not stated)
02	Excision margins are clear (tumour >5mm from the margin)
03	Excision margins are clear (tumour >1mm but less than or equal to 5mm from the margin
04	Tumour is less than or equal to 1mm of excision margin, but does not reach margin
05	Tumour reaches tumour margin
06	Uncertain
98	Not applicable
99	Not known
07	Margin not involved (equal to or greater than 1mm)
08	Margin not involved (less than 1mm)
09	Margin not involved (1 to 5 mm)

Note: Codes 07, 08 and 09 are only applicable for skin cancers. They have been included to align with the RCPath datasets for skin diagnoses.

Note: This data item is not applicable for Haematology diagnosis.

SYNCHRONOUS TUMOUR INDICATOR: An indicator of the presence of multiple tumours at a tumour site.

Ν	No, no synchronous tumours present
Y	Yes, synchronous tumours present
9	Not Known

Note: This data item is not applicable for Haematology diagnosis.

NUMBER OF NODES EXAMINED: The number of local and regional nodes examined.

Note: This data item is not applicable for CNS, Haematology or Lung diagnosis.

NUMBER OF NODES POSITIVE: The number of local and regional nodes reported as being positive for the presence of Tumour metastases.

Note: This data item is not applicable for CNS, Haematology or Lung diagnosis.

Note: The COSD Core TNM Staging data items below are not applicable for CNS, Gynaecology, Haematology, Skin and most CTYA diagnoses. Please see site specific datasets for further information on collecting applicable stage data, including the site specific values to be used for TNM where relevant.

T CATEGORY (PATHOLOGICAL): T CATEGORY (PATHOLOGICAL) is the Union for International Cancer Control (UICC) code which classifies the size and extent of the primary Tumour based on the evidence from a pathological examination.

N CATEGORY (PATHOLOGICAL): N CATEGORY (PATHOLOGICAL) is the Union for International Cancer Control (UICC) code which classifies the absence or presence and extent of regional lymph node metastases based on the evidence from a pathological examination.

M CATEGORY (PATHOLOGICAL): The Union for International Cancer Control (UICC) code which classifies the absence or presence of distant metastases based on the evidence from a pathological examination.

TNM STAGE GROUPING (PATHOLOGICAL): The Union for International Cancer Control (UICC) code which classifies the combination of Tumour, node and metastases into stage groupings based on the evidence from a pathological examination.

NEOADJUVANT THERAPY INDICATOR: Indicator of whether the pathological stage was recorded after the patient had received neoadjuvant therapy (i.e. chemotherapy or radiotherapy prior to surgery).

Note:	If this is "Yes" the pathology stage fields should <u>NOT</u> be prefixed with the letter "y".
Note.	In this is fes the pathology stage helds should <u>NOT</u> be prelixed with the letter y.

Y	Yes
Ν	No
9	Not known

2. BREAST - PATHOLOGY

This section can be recorded more than once.

Schema				
Data item No.	Data Item Section	Data Item Name	Format	specification (M/R/O/X)
BR4140	BREAST - PATHOLOGY	MULTIFOCAL TUMOUR INDICATOR (BREAST)	an1	R
BR4160	BREAST - PATHOLOGY	DCIS GRADE [DUCTAL CARCINOMA IN SITU GRADE]	an1	R
BR4170	BREAST - PATHOLOGY	INVASIVE GRADE (BREAST) [BREAST INVASIVE GRADE]	an1	R
BR4180	BREAST - PATHOLOGY	NON INVASIVE TUMOUR SIZE	max n3.max n2	R
BR4190	BREAST - PATHOLOGY	WHOLE TUMOUR SIZE	max n3.max n2	R
BR4200	BREAST - PATHOLOGY	METASTASIS EXTENT CODE	an1	R
BR4210	BREAST - PATHOLOGY	DISTANCE TO MARGIN	max n2.max n1	R
BR4230	BREAST - PATHOLOGY	ER ALLRED SCORE [ALLRED SCORE (ESTROGEN RECEPTOR)]	an1	R
BR4220	BREAST - PATHOLOGY	ER STATUS [ESTROGEN RECEPTOR STATUS]	an1	R
BR4300	BREAST - PATHOLOGY	PR ALLRED SCORE [ALLRED SCORE (PROGESTERONE RECEPTOR)]	an1	R
BR4290	BREAST - PATHOLOGY	PR STATUS [PROGESTERONE RECEPTOR STATUS]	an1	R
BR4280	BREAST - PATHOLOGY	HER2 STATUS [HUMAN EPIDERMAL GROWTH FACTOR RECEPTOR STATUS]	an1	R
BR4310	BREAST - PATHOLOGY	HER2 ISH STATUS [HUMAN EPIDERMAL GROWTH FACTOR IN-SITU HYBRIDIZATION RECEPTOR STATUS]	an1	R
BR4240	BREAST - PATHOLOGY	CYTOLOGY (BREAST) [CYTOLOGY RESULT CODE (BREAST)]	an2	R
BR4250	BREAST - PATHOLOGY	CYTOLOGY (NODE) [CYTOLOGY RESULT CODE (NODE)]	an2	R
BR4260	BREAST - PATHOLOGY	CORE BIOPSY (BREAST) [CORE BIOPSY RESULT CODE (BREAST)]	max an3	R
BR4270	BREAST - PATHOLOGY	CORE BIOPSY (NODE) [CORE BIOPSY RESULT CODE (NODE)]	an2	R

MULTIFOCAL TUMOUR INDICATOR (BREAST): Is there more than one discrete tumour identified in the same breast?

Y	Yes
Ν	No
9	Not Known
DCIE CDADE: If ductal equations in gitu is present record the DCIC grade. This is the	

DCIS GRADE: If ductal carcinoma in situ is present, record the DCIS grade. This is the

cytonuclear grade.

H	High
I	Intermediate
L	Low
X	Not assessable

INVASIVE GRADE (BREAST): The invasive histological grade of the tumour as defined by modified Bloom and Richardson system.

1	Grade 1
2	Grade 2
3	Grade 3
Х	Not assessable

NON INVASIVE TUMOUR SIZE: The size of the non-invasive tumour in mm. This is only required if there is no invasive component.

Note: For COSD reporting purposes, this data item is not required to be submitted to two decimal places.

WHOLE TUMOUR SIZE: Whole size of tumour (invasive + surrounding DCIS, if DCIS extends >1mm beyond invasive) (mm) (For tumours without a DCIS component this will be the same as INVASIVE LESION SIZE).

Note: For COSD reporting purposes, this data item is not required to be submitted to two decimal places.

METASTASIS EXTENT CODE: For single node positivity, specify micrometastatic status as follows: Greater than 2mm = Metastases, 2mm to greater than 0.2mm = Micrometastasis, less than or equal to 0.2mm = Isolated tumour cells.

1	Metastasis
2	Micrometastasis
3	Isolated tumour cells
9	Not known

DISTANCE TO MARGIN: Distance to closest relevant margin (mm). Distance to nearest margin whether invasive or non-invasive. (For COSD measurement to the nearest mm is sufficient but may be recorded to nearest tenth of mm)

ER ALLRED SCORE: ER Allred score (range 0, 2 -8)

ER STATUS: Oestrogen Receptor (ER) status.

(A positive score means that oestrogen is causing the tumour to grow, and a negative score means that the tumour is not driven by oestrogen).

Р	Positive
Ν	Negative
Х	Not performed

PR ALLRED SCORE: Record the PR ALLRED score if known. (Range 0, 2-8)

PR STATUS: Progesterone Receptor Status. Record the PR status if known.

Р	Positive
N	Negative
Х	Not performed

HER2 STATUS: HER2 Immunohistochemical status (Human Epidermal Growth Factor Receptor 2). Where the initial result of this test is "Borderline", a further report will follow with result of the ISH test.

Р	Positive
Ν	Negative
В	Borderline
Х	Not performed

HER2 ISH STATUS: Record the result of the ISH (in-situ hybridization) test. This is only required if the initial HER2 status is "Borderline".

Р	Positive
Ν	Negative

CYTOLOGY (BREAST): Cytology opinion (Breast)

C1	Inadequate/unsatisfactory specimen
C2	Benign
C3	Uncertain
C4	Suspicious of malignancy
C5	Malignant

CYTOLOGY (NODE): Cytology opinion on axillary lymph node.

C1	Inadequate/unsatisfactory specimen
C2	Benign
C3	Uncertain
C4	Suspicious of malignancy
C5	Malignant

CORE BIOPSY (BREAST): Needle core biopsy opinion.

B1	Normal
B2	Benign
B3	Uncertain malignant potential
B4	Suspicious
B5a	Malignant (In situ)
B5b	Malignant (Invasive)
B5c	Malignant (Not assessable)

CORE BIOPSY (NODE): Needle biopsy opinion on axillary lymph node.

B1	Normal
B2	Benign
B3	Uncertain malignant potential
B4	Suspicious
B5	Malignant

3. CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM - PATHOLOGY

This section can be recorded more than once.

Data item No.	Data Item Section	Data Item Name	Format	Schema specification (M/R/O/X)
	Start of re	peating item - Molecular Diagnostics C	Code	
BA3070	CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM - PATHOLOGY	MOLECULAR DIAGNOSTICS CODE	an2	R
	End of repeating item - Molecular Diagnosti		ode	
	Start of repeating iter	n - Immunohistochemistry Hormone E	xpression	Туре
BA3150	CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM - PATHOLOGY	IMMUNOHISTOCHEMISTRY HORMONE EXPRESSION TYPE [HORMONE EXPRESSION TYPE]	an1	R
	End of repeating iten	n - Immunohistochemistry Hormone Ex	kpression	Туре
BA3160	CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM - PATHOLOGY	WHO TUMOUR GRADE (CNS) [WORLD HEALTH ORGANISATION CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM TUMOUR GRADE]	an1	R

MOLECULAR DIAGNOSTICS CODE: Chromosomal or genetic markers associated with the brain tumour. This may involve selection of more than one value for each tumour.

This table was extensively discussed by the Brain CNS SSCRG and has been based on the new 2016 WHO categories for Molecular Diagnostic Markers

01	Evidence of IDH1 or IDH2 mutation
02	Evidence of methylation of the MGMT gene CpG island
03	Evidence of total loss of 1p and 19q
04	Evidence of KIAA 1549-BRAF fusion gene
05	Other
06	Evidence of ALK rearrangement
07	Evidence of native ALK
08	Evidence of ATRX mutation
09	Evidence of wt ATRX
10	Evidence of BRAF V600E mutation
11	Evidence of wt BRAF
12	Evidence of KIAA1549-BRAF fusion
13	Evidence of BRAF/RAF1 mutations, or fusions involving genes other than KIAA1549
14	Evidence of C11orf95-RELA fusion
15	Evidence of native C11orf95 and RELA
16	Evidence of amplification or fusion of C19MC locus (chr.19q13.42)
17	Evidence of unaltered C19MC locus (chr.19q13.42)
18	Evidence of CDK4/6 amplification
19	Evidence of CDK4/6 normal copy number
20	Evidence of CDKN2A locus homozygous deletion

22 Evidence of CCND1/2/3 amplification 23 Evidence of CCNNDB mutation 24 Evidence of ot CTNNB1 mutation 25 Evidence of amplification of EGFR 27 Evidence of amplification of EGFR 28 Evidence of amplification of EGFR 29 Evidence of amplification of EGFR 29 Evidence of amplification / rearrangement of EGFR 29 Evidence of amplification / rearrangement / fusion 30 Evidence of amplification / rearrangement / fusion 31 Evidence of H3F3A/H3F3B (H3.3) K27M mutation 32 Evidence of H3F3A/H3F3B (H3.3) wt K27 33 Evidence of H3F3A/H3F3B (H3.3) wt K27 34 Evidence of H3F3A/H3F3B (H3.3) wt K27 35 Evidence of H3F3A/H3F3B (H3.3) wt K27 36 Evidence of H3F3A/H3F3B (H3.3) wt K27 37 Evidence of HIST1H3B wt K27 38 Evidence of HIST1H3B wt K27 39 Evidence of HIST1H3C wt K27 41 Evidence of HIST1H3C wt K27 42 Evidence of HIST1H3C wt K27 43 IDH1 (codon 132) on IDH2 (codon 172) wt confirmed 45 Evidence of MLST amplification	21	Evidence of CDKN24 locus normal convinumbar
23 Evidence of CCND1/2/3 normal copy number 24 Evidence of CTNNB1 mutation 25 Evidence of anglification of EGFR 26 Evidence of mutation / rearrangement of EGFR 27 Evidence of mutation / rearrangement of EGFR 28 Evidence of EWSR1-FLI1 fusion 30 Evidence of analtered FGFR 31 Evidence of H3F3A/H3F3B (H3.3) K27M mutation 32 Evidence of H3F3A/H3F3B (H3.3) Wt K27 33 Evidence of H3F3A/H3F3B (H3.3) Wt K27 34 Evidence of H3F3A/H3F3B (H3.3) Wt K27 35 Evidence of H3F3A/H3F3B (H3.3) Wt G34 37 Evidence of HIST1H3B K27M mutation 38 Evidence of HIST1H3B K27M mutation 39 Evidence of HIST1H3B wt K27 39 Evidence of HIST1H3C wt K27 41 Evidence of ID2 amplification 42 Evidence of ID2 normal copy number 43 IDH1 (codon 132) or IDH2 (codon 172) mutation identified 44 IDH1 (codon 132) and IDH2 (codon 172) wt confirmed 45 Evidence of MAP2K1 mutation 48 Evidence of MAP2K1 mutation 49 Evidence of MAP2K1 mutation	21	Evidence of CDKN2A locus normal copy number
24 Evidence of CTNNB1 mutation 25 Evidence of wt CTNNB1 26 Evidence of multification of EGFR 27 Evidence of mutation / rearrangement of EGFR 28 Evidence of mative EGFR 29 Evidence of native EWSR1 and FL11 31 Evidence of native EWSR1 and FL11 32 Evidence of native EWSR1 and FL11 33 Evidence of H3F3A/H3F3B (H3.3) K27M mutation 34 Evidence of H3F3A/H3F3B (H3.3) wt K27 35 Evidence of H3F3A/H3F3B (H3.3) wt K27 36 Evidence of H3F3A/H3F3B (H3.3) wt K27 37 Evidence of H3F3A/H3F3B (H3.3) wt K27 38 Evidence of H3F3A/H3F3B (H3.3) wt K27 39 Evidence of H3F1H3B wt K27 39 Evidence of HIST1H3B wt K27 39 Evidence of ID2 amplification 40 Evidence of ID2 normal copy number 41 Evidence of KLF4 k409Q and TRAF7 43 IDH1 (codon 132) or IDH2 (codon 172) wt confirmed 44 IDH1 (codon 132) and IDH2 (codon 172) wt confirmed 45 Evidence of MZFX1 mutation 46 Evidence of MAPZK1 47 Evidence of		
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61 Evidence of <i>PTEN</i> biallelic loss / mutation		
62 Evidence of unaltered PTEN		
	62	Evidence of unaltered PTEN
63 Evidence of SDHB or SDHD mutation		
64 Evidence of wt SDHB and SDHD		
65 Evidence of SHH pathway activation		
66 Evidence of normal SHH pathway		
67 Evidence of inactivation of <i>SMARCB1</i> (INI1)		
68 Evidence of wt SMARCB1 (INI1)		
69 Evidence of inactivation of SMARCA4		
70 Evidence of wt SMARCA4		
71 Evidence of <i>TERT</i> promotor mutation		
72 Evidence of wt <i>TERT</i> promotor	72	Evidence of wt TERT promotor

	Evidence of TP53 mutation
74 E	Evidence of wt TP53
75 E	Evidence of TSC1 or TSC2 mutation
76 E	Evidence of wt TSC1 and TSC2
77 E	Evidence of VHL mutation
78 E	Evidence of wt VHL gene
79 E	Evidence of WNT pathway activation
80 E	Evidence of normal WNT pathway
81 E	Evidence of WWTR1-CAMTA1 fusion
82 E	Evidence of native WWTR1 and CAMTA1
83 E	Evidence of codeletion of chr.1p and chr.19q
84 E	Evidence of total chr.1p loss but normal copy number of chr.19q
85 E	Evidence of normal copy number of both chr.1p and chr.19q
86 E	Evidence of monosomy chr.6
87 E	Evidence of chr.6 normal copy number
88 E	Evidence of polysomy chr.7
89 E	Evidence of chr.7 normal copy number
90 E	Evidence of loss of chr.10 or chr.10q
91 E	Evidence of chr.10 normal copy number
92 E	Evidence of loss of chr.22 or chr.22q
93 E	Evidence of chr.22 or chr.22q normal copy number
98 0	Other
99 N	Not Known (Not Recorded)

The old codes can be mapped as follows to enable a seamless transition from v6.0 to v7.0.

Old Codes and Descriptions		New Codes and Descriptions		
01	Evidence of IDH1 or IDH2 mutation	43	43 IDH1 (codon 132) or IDH2 (codon 172)	
			mutation identified	
02	Evidence of methylation of the MGMT gene	51	Evidence of significant MGMT promoter	
	CpG island		methylation	
03	Evidence of total loss of 1p and 19q	83	Evidence of codeletion of chr.1p and chr.19q	
04	Evidence of KIAA 1549-BRAF fusion gene	12	Evidence of KIAA1549-BRAF fusion	
05	Other	98	Other	

IMMUNOHISTOCHEMISTRY HORMONE EXPRESSION TYPE [HORMONE EXPRESSION

TYPE]: Hormone expression by immunohistochemistry. FOR PITUITARY ADENOMAS ONLY. (Multiple values may be recorded)

Nonfunctioning
Non functioning
ACTH
LH
FSH
Alpha-subunit
TSH
Prolactin
Growth Hormone

WHO TUMOUR GRADE (CNS) [WORLD HEALTH ORGANISATION CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM TUMOUR GRADE]: The grade of the tumour using WHO classification for tumours of the central nervous system. FOR INTRA AXIAL AND EXTRA AXIAL ONLY.

1	1
2	I
3	
4	IV

4. COLORECTAL - PATHOLOGY

This section can be recorded more than once.

Data item No.	Data Item Section	Data Item Name	Format	Schema specification (M/R/O/X)
CO5190	COLORECTAL - PATHOLOGY	POSITIVE PROXIMAL OR DISTAL RESECTION MARGIN [MARGIN INVOLVED INDICATION CODE (POSITIVE PROXIMAL OR DISTAL RESECTION MARGIN)]	an1	R
CO5210	COLORECTAL - PATHOLOGY	DISTANCE TO CIRCUMFERENTIAL MARGIN [DISTANCE TO CLOSEST NON PERITONEALISED RESECTION MARGIN]	max n2.max n2	R
CO5260	COLORECTAL - PATHOLOGY	PLANE OF SURGICAL EXCISION [PLANE OF SURGICAL EXCISION TYPE]	an1	R
CO5270	COLORECTAL - PATHOLOGY	DISTANCE FROM DENTATE LINE	max n3.max n2	R
CO5280	COLORECTAL - PATHOLOGY	DISTANCE BEYOND MUSCULARIS PROPRIA	max n3.max n2	R
CO5290	COLORECTAL - PATHOLOGY	RESPONSE TO PREOPERATIVE THERAPY [PREOPERATIVE THERAPY RESPONSE TYPE]	an1	R
CO5300	COLORECTAL - PATHOLOGY	STATUS OF CIRCUMFERENTIAL EXCISION MARGIN [MARGIN INVOLVED INDICATION CODE (CIRCUMFERENTIAL MARGIN)]	an1	R

POSITIVE PROXIMAL OR DISTAL RESECTION MARGIN: Record whether the proximal or distal resection margins were involved. If the minimal distance from the cut margin is less than or equal to 1 mm the margin is considered "involved".

0	Margin not involved
1	Margin involved
9	Not known

DISTANCE TO CIRCUMFERENTIAL MARGIN: Record the distance from the outer margin of the tumour to the closest non peritonealised circumferential resection margin in mm. RECTAL CANCERS ONLY.

Note: DISTANCE BETWEEN LOWER END OF TUMOUR AND DISTAL RESECTION MARGIN & PERFORATIONS OR SEROSAL INVOLVEMENT INDICATION CODE: These two Colorectal data items have been removed from the dataset as they are no longer part of the RC Path minimum dataset, and as such they may not be collectable and we should not be adding data that are outside the scope of the RC Path. COSD and RC Path should be aligned (wherever possible).

PLANE OF SURGICAL EXCISION: FOR RECTAL CANCERS ONLY. This is the quality of the surgical excision as seen by the pathologist. This grades the resection on its worst plane.

1	Mesorectal fascia
2	Intramesorectal
3	Muscularis propria

DISTANCE FROM DENTATE LINE: For abdominoperineal excision specimens only. Record the distance of the tumour from the dentate line in mm measured on the gross specimen.

DISTANCE BEYOND MUSCULARIS PROPRIA: Maximum distance of spread beyond muscularis propria in mm. If there is doubt about the sites of the muscularis propria estimate the distance as accurately as possible.

RESPONSE TO PREOPERATIVE THERAPY: If preoperative therapy was given what was the response.

1	No residual tumour cells/mucous lakes only
2	Minimal residual cancer
3	No marked regression

STATUS OF CIRCUMFERENTIAL EXCISION MARGIN: Record if the edge of the tumour is 1 mm or less from the circumferential resection margin (i.e. margin involved) Circumferential margin refers to the completeness of the surgeon's resection margin in the opinion of the histopathologist. In parts of the colon where it is completely surrounded by peritoneum, recording of the circumferential resection margin (CRM) is not appropriate.

0	Margin not involved
1	Margin involved
9	Not known

5. CTYA - RENAL PATHOLOGY (Paediatric Kidney)

This section can be recorded more than once.

Data item No.	Data Item Section	Data Item Name	Format	Schema specification (M/R/O/X)
CT6610	CTYA - RENAL PATHOLOGY (Paediatric Kidney)	TUMOUR RUPTURE [TUMOUR RUPTURE INDICATOR]	an1	R
CT6620	CTYA - RENAL PATHOLOGY (Paediatric Kidney)	ANAPLASTIC NEPHROBLASTOMA [ANAPLASTIC NEPHROBLASTOMA TYPE]	an1	R
CT6630	CTYA - RENAL PATHOLOGY (Paediatric Kidney)	PERIRENAL FAT INVASION [TUMOUR INVASION INDICATOR (PERIRENAL FAT)]	an1	R
CT6640	CTYA - RENAL PATHOLOGY (Paediatric Kidney)	RENAL SINUS INVASION [TUMOUR INVASION INDICATOR (RENAL SINUS)]	an1	R
CT6650	CTYA - RENAL PATHOLOGY (Paediatric Kidney)	RENAL VEIN TUMOUR [RENAL VEIN TUMOUR INDICATOR]	an1	R
CT6660	CTYA - RENAL PATHOLOGY (Paediatric Kidney)	VIABLE TUMOUR [VIABLE TUMOUR INDICATOR]	an1	R
CT6670	CTYA - RENAL PATHOLOGY (Paediatric Kidney)	TUMOUR LOCAL STAGE (PATHOLOGICAL) [TUMOUR LOCAL STAGE]	an1	R

TUMOUR RUPTURE: Integrity of tumour margins based on pathologist's assessment.

Y	Yes
Ν	No
Х	Not stated

ANAPLASTIC NEPHROBLASTOMA: Is there evidence of anaplasia, focal or diffused, based on established pathological classification.

F	Focal Anaplasia
D	Diffused Anaplasia
U	Uncertain

PERIRENAL FAT INVASION: Are there areas of perirenal fat suspected for tumour infiltration.

Y	Yes
N	No
U	Uncertain

RENAL SINUS INVASION: Is there evidence of invasion of renal sinus by tumour.

Y	Yes
Ν	No
U	Uncertain

RENAL VEIN TUMOUR: Is there evidence of tumour thrombus in the renal vein.

Y	Yes
N	No
U	Uncertain

VIABLE TUMOUR: Is there evidence of viable tumour in the renal sinus.

Y	Yes
Ν	No
U	Uncertain

TUMOUR LOCAL STAGE (PATHOLOGICAL): Local stage of the tumour as assessed by pathologist. Classification system used is International Society of Paediatric Oncology (SIOP).

1	Stage I
2	Stage II
3	Stage III

5. GYNAECOLOGY - PATHOLOGY

This section can be recorded more than once.

Data item No.	Data Item Section	Data Item Name	Format	Schema specification (M/R/O/X)
GY7050	GYNAECOLOGY - PATHOLOGY	FALLOPIAN TUBE INVOLVEMENT [MICROSCOPIC INVOLVEMENT INDICATION CODE (FALLOPIAN TUBE)]	an1	R
GY7120	GYNAECOLOGY - PATHOLOGY	OVARIAN INVOLVEMENT [MICROSCOPIC INVOLVEMENT INDICATION CODE (OVARIAN)]	an1	R
GY7130	GYNAECOLOGY - PATHOLOGY	SEROSAL INVOLVEMENT [MICROSCOPIC INVOLVEMENT INDICATOR (SEROSA)]	an1	R
GY7100	GYNAECOLOGY - PATHOLOGY	OMENTAL INVOLVEMENT [OMENTUM INVOLVEMENT INDICATION CODE]	an1	R

FALLOPIAN TUBE INVOLVEMENT: For endometrial and epithelial/ovarian cancers, is there microscopic involvement of fallopian tubes?

1	Not involved
2	Right involved
3	Left involved
4	Both involved
Х	Not assessable

OVARIAN INVOLVEMENT: For endometrial and fallopian cancers, is there microscopic

involvement of ovaries?

1	Not involved	
2	Right involved	
3	Left involved	
4	Both involved	
X	Not assessable	

SEROSAL INVOLVEMENT: For endometrial, epithelial/ovarian and fallopian cancers, is there microscopic involvement of uterine serosa?

Y	Yes
N	No
Х	Not assessable

OMENTAL INVOLVEMENT: For endometrium, ovary, fallopian tube and primary peritoneum cancers, is there involvement of the omentum?

1	Involved - deposit size not specified	
2	Involved - deposit(s) 20mm or less	
3	Involved - deposit(s) greater than 20mm	

4	Not involved
Х	Not assessable/not sent

6.1 - GYNAECOLOGY – PATHOLOGY – FALLOPIAN TUBE, OVARIAN EPITHELIAL and PRIMARY PERITONEAL

This section will be recorded once per pathology report where applicable.

Data item No.	Data Item Section	Data Item Name	Format	Schema specification (M/R/O/X)
GY7140	GYNAECOLOGY - PATHOLOGY - FALLOPIAN TUBE, OVARIAN EPITHELIAL and PRIMARY PERITONEAL	CAPSULE STATUS	an1	R
GY7190	GYNAECOLOGY - PATHOLOGY - FALLOPIAN TUBE, OVARIAN EPITHELIAL and PRIMARY PERITONEAL	OVARIAN SURFACE INVOLVEMENT [OVARY SURFACE INVOLVEMENT INDICATOR]	an1	R
GY7150	GYNAECOLOGY - PATHOLOGY - FALLOPIAN TUBE, OVARIAN EPITHELIAL and PRIMARY PERITONEAL	TUMOUR GRADE [TUMOUR GRADE (GYNAECOLOGY]	an1	R
GY7170	GYNAECOLOGY - PATHOLOGY - FALLOPIAN TUBE, OVARIAN EPITHELIAL and PRIMARY PERITONEAL	PERITONEAL CYTOLOGY [PERITONEAL CYTOLOGY RESULT CODE]	an1	R
GY7180	GYNAECOLOGY - PATHOLOGY - FALLOPIAN TUBE, OVARIAN EPITHELIAL and PRIMARY PERITONEAL	PERITONEAL INVOLVEMENT [PERITONEAL INVOLVEMENT INDICATOR]	an1	R
GY7450	GYNAECOLOGY - PATHOLOGY	INVASIVE THICKNESS	max n2.max n2	R

CAPSULE STATUS: Capsule status of ovaries (record the most severe)

1	Intact
2	Disrupted

3	Involved
Х	Not assessable

OVARIAN SURFACE INVOLVEMENT: Is there involvement of the surface of either ovary?

Y	Yes
N	No
Х	Not assessable

TUMOUR GRADE: Specify the grade of the tumour. For serous tumours specify whether High or Low grade; clear cell carcinomas and carcinosarcomas are all high grade; for all other tumours use three tier grading system.

L	Low
I	Intermediate
H	High

PERITONEAL CYTOLOGY: Result of peritoneal cytology.

1	Involved
2	Not involved
3	Equivocal
Х	Not sent

PERITONEAL INVOLVEMENT: Is there peritoneal involvement?

Y	Yes
N	No
Х	Not assessable / Not sent

INVASIVE THICKNESS: The thickness or depth of the invasive lesion in mm

6.2 - GYNAECOLOGY – PATHOLOGY – ENDOMETRIAL

This section will be recorded once per pathology report where applicable.

Data item No.	Data Item Section	Data Item Name	Format	Schema specification (M/R/O/X)
GY7220	GYNAECOLOGY - PATHOLOGY - ENDOMETRIAL	DISTANCE TO SEROSA	max n2	0
GY7240	GYNAECOLOGY - PATHOLOGY - ENDOMETRIAL	INVOLVEMENT OF CERVICAL STROMA [MICROSCOPIC INVOLVEMENT INDICATOR (CERVICAL STROMA)]	an1	R
GY7260	GYNAECOLOGY - PATHOLOGY - ENDOMETRIAL	MYOMETRIAL INVASION [MYOMETRIAL INVASION IDENTIFICATION CODE]	an1	R

GY7270	GYNAECOLOGY - PATHOLOGY - ENDOMETRIAL	PARAMETRIUM INVOLVEMENT [MICROSCOPIC INVOLVEMENT INDICATOR (PARAMETRIUM)]	an1	R
GY7280	GYNAECOLOGY - PATHOLOGY - ENDOMETRIAL	PERITONEAL WASHINGS [PERITONEAL WASHINGS IDENTIFIED]	an1	R

Note: BACKGROUND ENDOMETRIUM & INVOLVEMENT OF CERVICAL SURFACE OR GLANDS: These two Gynae data items have been removed from the dataset as they are no longer part of the RC Path minimum dataset, and as such they may not be collectable and we should not be adding data that are outside the scope of the RC Path. COSD and RC Path should be aligned (wherever possible).

DISTANCE TO SEROSA: Specify the tumour free distance to the serosa in millimetres (mm).

Note: This is now downgraded from 'Required' to 'Optional', this will also be reviewed by the RC Path Working Group on Cancer Services later in 2016, to assess its ongoing suitability.

INVOLVEMENT OF CERVICAL STROMA: Is there microscopic involvement of cervical stroma?

Y	Yes
N	No
Х	Not assessable

MYOMETRIAL INVASION: Is there microscopic evidence of myometrial invasion?

1	None
2	Less than 50%
3	Greater than or equal to 50%

PARAMETRIUM INVOLVEMENT: Is there microscopic involvement of parametrium?

Y	Yes
N	No
Х	Not assessable

PERITONEAL WASHINGS: Were peritoneal washings submitted and if so were malignant cells seen? These attributes have been changed after discussions with HSCIC (Data Dictionary Team).

4	Positive
2	Negative
Р	Positive
N	Negative
Х	Not sent/Not assessable

6.3 - GYNAECOLOGY – PATHOLOGY - CERVICAL

This section will be recorded once per pathology report where applicable.

Data item No.	Data Item Section	Data Item Name	Format	Schema specification (M/R/O/X)
GY7290	GYNAECOLOGY - PATHOLOGY - CERVICAL	CGIN GRADE [CERVICAL GLANDULAR INTRAEPITHELIAL NEOPLASIA PRESENCE AND GRADE]	an1	R
GY7300	GYNAECOLOGY - PATHOLOGY - CERVICAL	CIN GRADE [CERVICAL INTRAEPITHELIAL NEOPLASIA PRESENCE AND GRADE]	an1	R
GY7350	GYNAECOLOGY - PATHOLOGY - CERVICAL	SMILE [SMILE INDICATION CODE]	an1	R
GY7310	GYNAECOLOGY - PATHOLOGY - CERVICAL	EXCISION MARGIN (PRE INVASIVE) [RESECTION MARGIN INVOLVEMENT INDICATOR]	an1	R
GY7340	GYNAECOLOGY - PATHOLOGY - CERVICAL	PARACERVICAL OR PARAMETRIAL INVOLVEMENT [PARACERVICAL OR PARAMETRIAL INVOLVEMENT INDICATOR]	an1	R
GY7360	GYNAECOLOGY - PATHOLOGY - CERVICAL	THICKNESS UNINVOLVED STROMA [UNINVOLVED CERVICAL STROMA THICKNESS]	max n2.max n2	R
GY7370	GYNAECOLOGY - PATHOLOGY - CERVICAL	VAGINAL INVOLVEMENT [MICROSCOPIC INVOLVEMENT INDICATOR (VAGINAL)]	an1	R

CGIN GRADE: Specify presence and grade of CGIN (cervical glandular intraepithelial neoplasia)

1	Low
2	High
3	Not present
Х	Not assessable

CIN GRADE: Specify presence and grade of CIN (cervical intra-epithelial neoplasia)

1	1
2	2
3	3
4	Not present
Х	Not assessable

SMILE: Specify presence of SMILE (Stratified Mucin-Producing Intra-Epithelial Lesion)

1	Present
2	Absent
Х	Not assessable

EXCISION MARGIN (PRE INVASIVE): Is there evidence of resection margin involvement by in situ/pre invasive disease (CIN, CGIN, and SMILE)

Y	Yes
Ν	No
Х	Not assessable

Note: INVASIVE THICKNESS has been retired from the dataset and replaced with a generic Invasive Thickness field [GY7450].

PARACERVICAL OR PARAMETRIAL INVOLVEMENT: Is there evidence of paracervical and/or

parametrial involvement?

Y	Yes
Ν	No
X	Not assessable

THICKNESS UNINVOLVED STROMA: Minimum thickness of uninvolved cervical stroma in millimetres (mm) (minimum tumour-free rim).

VAGINAL INVOLVEMENT: Is there evidence of microscopic vaginal involvement?

Y	Yes
N	No
Х	Not assessable

6.4 - GYNAECOLOGY – PATHOLOGY – VULVAL

Note: INVASIVE THICKNESS has been retired from the dataset and replaced with a generic Invasive Thickness field [GY7450].

6.5 - GYNAECOLOGY – PATHOLOGY – NODES

Data item No.	Data Item Section	Data Item Name	Format	Schema specification (M/R/O/X)
GY7020	GYNAECOLOGY - PATHOLOGY - NODES	NODAL STATUS CERVICAL CANCER [CERVICAL NODE STATUS]	an2	R
GY7060	GYNAECOLOGY - PATHOLOGY - NODES	NODES EXAMINED NUMBER (PARA-AORTIC) [NUMBER OF NODES EXAMINED (PARA-AORTIC)]	max n2	R
GY7080	GYNAECOLOGY - PATHOLOGY - NODES	NODES POSITIVE NUMBER (PARA-AORTIC) [NUMBER OF NODES POSITIVE (PARA-AORTIC)]	max n2	R

GY7070	GYNAECOLOGY - PATHOLOGY - NODES	NODES EXAMINED NUMBER (PELVIC) [NUMBER OF NODES EXAMINED (PELVIC)]	max n2	R
GY7090	GYNAECOLOGY - PATHOLOGY - NODES	NODES POSITIVE NUMBER (PELVIC) [NUMBER OF NODES POSITIVE (PELVIC)]	max n2	R
GY7410	GYNAECOLOGY - PATHOLOGY - NODES	NODES EXAMINED NUMBER (INGUINO- FEMORAL) [NUMBER OF NODES EXAMINED (INGUINO-FEMORAL)]	max n2	R
GY7420	GYNAECOLOGY - PATHOLOGY - NODES	NODES POSITIVE NUMBER (INGUINO- FEMORAL) [NUMBER OF NODES POSITIVE (INGUINO-FEMORAL)]	max n2	R
GY7230	GYNAECOLOGY - PATHOLOGY - NODES	EXTRANODAL SPREAD [EXTRANODAL SPREAD INDICATOR]	an1	R

NODAL STATUS CERVICAL CANCER: FOR CERVICAL CANCERS ONLY. Only required for surgically staged early FIGO stage cancers. Histological assessment of regional lymph nodes, including surgical excision or fine needle aspiration. (FIGO staging for cervical cancer is clinical, but nodal status may be an important prognostic factor and determinant of management options including the need for adjuvant therapy). This could be derived from NODES EXAMINED NUMBER (PELVIC) and NODES POSITIVE NUMBER (PELVIC) but may also be entered separately.

1	NX	Regional lymph nodes cannot be assessed	
1	N0	No regional lymph node metastases	
1	N1	Regional lymph node metastases	

NODES EXAMINED NUMBER (PARA-AORTIC): The number of para-aortic nodes examined. (Not applicable for vulval cancers) Use 0 if nodes not sent.

NODES POSITIVE NUMBER (PARA-AORTIC): The number of para-aortic nodes reported as being positive for the presence of tumour metastases. (Not applicable for vulval cancers)

NODES EXAMINED NUMBER (PELVIC): The number of pelvic nodes examined (Not applicable for vulval cancers). Use 0 if nodes not sent

NODES POSITIVE NUMBER (PELVIC): The number of pelvic nodes reported as being positive for the presence of tumour metastases. (Not applicable for vulval cancers)

NODES EXAMINED NUMBER (INGUINO-FEMORAL): The number of inguino-femoral nodes examined. (Only applicable to vulval cancers). Use 0 if nodes not sent

NODES POSITIVE NUMBER (INGUINO-FEMORAL): The number of inguino-femoral nodes reported as being positive for the presence of tumour metastases. (Only applicable to vulval cancers)

EXTRANODAL SPREAD: Is there evidence of extranodal spread/extension?		
Y	Yes	
N	No	
Х	Not assessable	

EXTRANODAL SPREAD: Is there evidence of extranodal spread/extension?

7. HAEMATOLOGY - PATHOLOGY

Currently, Haematology has no site-specific pathological data items to collect.

8. HEAD & NECK – PATHOLOGY - GENERAL

8.1 - HEAD & NECK – PATHOLOGY – VARIOUS

Data item No.	Data Item Section	Data Item Name	Format	Schema specification (M/R/O/X)
HN9300	HEAD & NECK - PATHOLOGY - VARIOUS	MAXIMUM DEPTH OF INVASION	max n3	R
HN9310	HEAD & NECK - PATHOLOGY - VARIOUS	BONE INVASION [BONE INVASION INDICATION CODE]	an1	R
HN9320	HEAD & NECK - PATHOLOGY - VARIOUS	CARTILAGE INVASION [CARTILAGE INVASION INDICATION CODE]	an1	R
HN9330	HEAD & NECK - PATHOLOGY - VARIOUS	NECK DISSECTION LATERALITY [ANATOMICAL SIDE (NECK DISSECTION)]	an1	R

MAXIMUM DEPTH OF INVASION: The maximum depth of invasion in mm. Record as 00 to indicate 'not applicable', (This is not applicable for nasopharynx, hypopharynx, nasal cavity or sinuses).

BONE INVASION [BONE INVASION INDICATION CODE]: Is there evidence of invasion into bone. This is not applicable to many sites as bone not resected.

1	Present
2	Absent
3	Not assessed
4	Not applicable

CARTILAGE INVASION: Is there evidence of invasion into cartilage. This is not applicable to many sites as cartilage is not resected.

1	Present
2	Absent
3	Not assessed
4	Not applicable

NECK DISSECTION LATERALITY: Identify laterality of neck dissection if performed.

1	Left
2	Right
3	Bilateral
4	Not performed
8	Not applicable

8.2 - HEAD & NECK – PATHOLOGY – SALIVARY

This section will be recorded once per pathology report where applicable.

Data item No.	Data Item Section	Data Item Name	Format	Schema specification (M/R/O/X)
HN9380	HEAD & NECK - PATHOLOGY - SALIVARY	HISTOLOGICAL GRADE (SALIVARY TUMOUR) [HISTOLOGICAL TUMOUR GRADE (SALIVARY)]	an1	R
HN9390	HEAD & NECK - PATHOLOGY - SALIVARY	MACROSCOPIC EXTRAGLANDULAR EXTENSION [MACROSCOPIC EXTRAGLANDULAR EXTENSION INDICATION CODE]	an1	R

HISTOLOGICAL GRADE (SALIVARY TUMOUR): Specify the histological grade of the tumour.

1	Low
2	High
3	Not assessed
4	Not applicable

MACROSCOPIC EXTRAGLANDULAR EXTENSION: Macroscopic extension of tumour outside the capsule of the salivary gland.

1	Present
2	Absent

8.3 - HEAD & NECK – PATHOLOGY - GENERAL and SALIVARY

Data item No.	Data Item Section	Data Item Name	Format	Schema specification (M/R/O/X)
HN9400	HEAD & NECK - PATHOLOGY - GENERAL and SALIVARY	POSITIVE NODES LATERALITY [ANATOMICAL SIDE (POSITIVE NODES)]	an1	R
HN9410	HEAD & NECK - PATHOLOGY - GENERAL and SALIVARY	LARGEST METASTASIS LEFT NECK [LARGEST METASTASIS (LEFT NECK)]	max n3	R
HN9420	HEAD & NECK - PATHOLOGY - GENERAL and SALIVARY	LARGEST METASTASIS RIGHT NECK [LARGEST METASTASIS (RIGHT NECK)]	max n3	R

HN9430	HEAD & NECK - PATHOLOGY - GENERAL and SALIVARY	EXTRACAPSULAR SPREAD [EXTRACAPSULAR SPREAD INDICATION CODE]	an1	R
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POSITIVE NODES LATERALITY: If nodes positive specify laterality.

1	Left
2	Right
3	Bilateral
8	Not applicable

LARGEST METASTASIS LEFT NECK: If Neck dissected on Left side, the size in mm of the largest metastasis

LARGEST METASTASIS RIGHT NECK: If Neck dissected on Right side, the size in mm of the largest metastasis.

EXTRACAPSULAR SPREAD: Invasion of metastatic tumour outside the capsule of a lymph

node.

1	Present
2	Absent
3	Not assessable

9. LUNG - PATHOLOGY

This section can be recorded more than once.

Data item No.	Data Item Section	Data Item Name	Format	Schema specification (M/R/O/X)
LU10100	LUNG - PATHOLOGY	PROXIMITY TO CARINA [TUMOUR PROXIMITY TO CARINA]	an1	R
LU10110	LUNG - PATHOLOGY	EXTENT OF ATELECTASIS	an1	R
LU10120	LUNG - PATHOLOGY	EXTENT OF PLEURAL INVASION	an1	R
LU10130	LUNG - PATHOLOGY	PERICARDIAL INVASION [TUMOUR INVASION INDICATOR (PERICARDIUM)]	an1	R
LU10140	LUNG - PATHOLOGY	DIAPHRAGM INVASION [TUMOUR INVASION INDICATOR (DIAPHRAGM)]	an1	R
LU10150	LUNG - PATHOLOGY	INVASION INTO GREAT VESSEL [TUMOUR INVASION INDICATOR (GREAT VESSELS)]	an1	R
LU10160	LUNG - PATHOLOGY	INVASION INTO HEART [TUMOUR INVASION INDICATOR (HEART)]	an1	R
LU10170	LUNG - PATHOLOGY	MALIGNANT PLEURAL EFFUSION [MALIGNANT PLEURAL EFFUSION INDICATOR]	an1	R
LU10180	LUNG - PATHOLOGY	SATELLITE TUMOUR NODULES LOCATION	an1	R

PROXIMITY TO CARINA: Is the tumour within 20mm of carina (if known) or more than 20mm from carina.

1	≤ 20mm
2	>20mm

EXTENT OF ATELECTASIS: Extent of atelectasis/obstructive pneumonitis.

1	None or less than the two other categories
2	Involving hilar region but not whole lung
3	Involving whole lung

EXTENT OF PLEURAL INVASION: What is the extent of pleural invasion?

1	No pleural invasion
2	Visceral pleura only
3	Parietal pleura/chest wall
4	Mediastinal pleura

PERICARDIAL INVASION: Does the tumour invade the pericardium?

Y	Yes
Ν	No
9	Not known

DIAPHRAGM INVASION: Does the tumour invade the diaphragm?

Y	Yes
N	No
9	Not known

INVASION INTO GREAT VESSEL: Does the tumour invade the great vessels (aorta, central

pulmonary artery or vein)?

Y	Yes
N	No
9	Not known

INVASION INTO HEART: Does the tumour invade the Atrium or Heart?

Y	Yes
N	No
9	Not known

MALIGNANT PLEURAL EFFUSION: Is there evidence of malignant pleural effusion?

Y	Yes
N	No
9	Not known

SATELLITE TUMOUR NODULES LOCATION: Record the most distant location of separate

tumour nodules.

1	Separate tumour nodules in same lobe
2	Separate tumour nodules in a different ipsilateral lobe
3	Separate tumour nodules in a contralateral lobe
4	No separate tumour nodules
9	Not known

10. SARCOMA - PATHOLOGY

This section can be recorded more than once.

Data item No.	Data Item Section	Data Item Name	Format	Schema specification (M/R/O/X)
SA11120	SARCOMA - PATHOLOGY	HISTOPATHOLOGICAL TUMOUR GRADE	an1	R
SA11170	SARCOMA - PATHOLOGY	GENETIC CONFIRMATION INDICATOR	an1	R

HISTOPATHOLOGICAL TUMOUR GRADE: Histopathological grade of tumour.

1	Low
2	Intermediate
3	High

Note: HISTOPATHOLOGICAL TUMOUR GRADE is to be submitted instead of the core data item GRADE OF DIFFERENTIATION (PATHOLOGICAL) for bone and soft tissue sarcomas.

GENETIC CONFIRMATION INDICATOR: Are there any cytogenetic or molecular genetic data confirming the histological diagnosis?

Y	Yes, confirmed
N	No, not confirmed
Х	Test not done

10.1 – SARCOMA - PATHOLOGY – BONE

This section will be recorded once per pathology report where applicable.

Data item No.	Data Item Section	Data Item Name	Format	Schema specification (M/R/O/X)
SA11130	SARCOMA - PATHOLOGY - BONE	EXTENT OF LOCAL SPREAD (BONE) [TUMOUR BREACH IDENTIFIER]	an1	R
SA11140	SARCOMA - PATHOLOGY - BONE	TUMOUR NECROSIS	max n3	R

EXTENT OF LOCAL SPREAD (BONE) [TUMOUR BREACH IDENTIFIER]: FOR MEDULLARY TUMOURS ONLY. Does the tumour breach the cortex? The extent of local spread will determine whether the tumour is intracompartmental or extracompartmental.

I	Intracompartmental
E	Extracompartmental

TUMOUR NECROSIS: Approximate percentage of tumour necrosis in response to pre-operative therapy.

Note: TISSUE TYPE AT NEAREST MARGIN: This Sarcoma data items have been removed from the dataset as it is no longer part of the RC Path minimum dataset, and as such they may not be collectable and we should not be adding data that are outside the scope of the RC Path. COSD and RC Path should be aligned (wherever possible).

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10.2 - SARCOMA – PATHOLOGY – SOFT TISSUE

This section will be recorded once per pathology report where applicable.

Data item No.	Data Item Section	Data Item Name	Format	Schema specification (M/R/O/X)
SA11100	SARCOMA - PATHOLOGY - SOFT TISSUE	TUMOUR DEPTH	an1	R
SA11220	SARCOMA - PATHOLOGY - SOFT TISSUE	MITOTIC RATE (SARCOMA)	max n3	R

TUMOUR DEPTH: Record the deepest tissue compartment where the tumour is located.

1	Intradermal/cutaneous
2	Subcutaneous
3	Fascial/subfascial
9	Not known

MITOTIC RATE (SARCOMA): Mitotic rate per 5mm squared. Also known as mitotic index and mitotic count. Component used to stage GISTs. **Only applicable to GISTS**.

11. SKIN - PATHOLOGY

Grade of Differentiation is not applicable for skin cancers other than SCC and therefore **GRADE OF DIFFERENTIATION (PATHOLOGICAL)** is not applicable for Melanoma, BCCs or Merkel Cell tumours.

For **PATHOLOGY INVESTIGATION TYPE** which is a Core dataset item the following site specific values should be used for skin: Curettage, Shave Biopsy, Punch Biopsy, Incisional Biopsy and Excision.

For **EXCISION MARGIN** which is a Core dataset item the following site specific values have been added for use where applicable for skin cases:

07	Margin not involved (equal to or greater than 1mm)	
08	Margin not involved (less than 1mm)	
09	Margin not involved (1 to 5 mm)	

11.1 - SKIN - GENERAL - BASAL CELL CARCINOMA (BCC), SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA (SCC) and MALIGNANT MELANOMA (MM)

This section can be recorded more than once.

Data item No.	Data Item Section	Data Item Name	Format	Schema specification (M/R/O/X)
SK12120	SKIN - GENERAL - BCC, SCC & MM	SKIN CANCER LESION INDICATOR [SKIN CANCER LESION NUMBER]	max an3	R

SKIN CANCER LESION INDICATOR: This is the specimen number or letter used to identify the specimen within a report. Where more than one primary skin cancer is reported on the same pathology report, record the lesion number or letter as specified on the pathology report.

Note: SITE CODE OF SPECIMEN has been retired from the dataset as it is a duplication of [CR0810]

11.2 - SKIN - PATHOLOGY - BASAL CELL CARCINOMA (BCC) and SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA (SCC)

Data item No.	Data Item Section	Data Item Name	Format	Schema specification (M/R/O/X)
SK12530	SKIN - PATHOLOGY - BCC & SCC	PERINEURAL INVASION [PERINEURAL INVASION INDICATOR]	an1	R
SK12537	SKIN - PATHOLOGY - BCC & SCC	LESION DIAMETER GREATER THAN 20MM INDICATOR [LESION DIAMETER GREATER THAN 20MM INDICATION CODE]	an1	R
SK12650	SKIN - PATHOLOGY - BCC & SCC	DEEP INVASION INDICATOR FOR pT3 [TUMOUR INVASION INDICATOR (PT3)]	an1	R

	SKIN -	DEEP INVASION INDICATOR		
SK12660	PATHOLOGY -	FOR pT4	an1	R
	BCC & SCC	[TUMOUR INVASION INDICATOR (PT4)]		

PERINEURAL INVASION: Is there perineural invasion (invasion into perineurium of nerve

bundles- PNI)

Y	Yes (Present)
N	No (Not identified)
Х	Cannot be assessed
9	Not known

LESION DIAMETER GREATER THAN 20MM INDICATOR: Is the diameter of the lesion greater

than 20mm?

Y	Yes (Greater than 20mm)
N	No (Less than or equal to 20mm)
U	Uncertain
Х	Cannot be assessed
9	Not known

DEEP INVASION INDICATOR FOR pT3: For Stage pT3 Tumours only: Tumour with invasion of maxilla, mandible, orbit or temporal bone.

Y	Yes
Ν	No
U	Uncertain
Х	Cannot be assessed

DEEP INVASION INDICATOR FOR pT4: For Stage pT4 Tumours only: Tumour with invasion of skeleton (axial or appendicular) or perineural invasion of skull base.

Y	Yes
Ν	No
U	Uncertain
Х	Cannot be assessed

11.3 - SKIN - PATHOLOGY - SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA (SCC)

Data item No.	Data Item Section	Data Item Name	Format	Schema specification (M/R/O/X)
SK12545	SKIN - PATHOLOGY - SCC & MM	CLARKS LEVEL IV INDICATOR [CLARKS LEVEL IV INDICATION CODE]	an1	R
SK12565	SKIN - PATHOLOGY - SCC	LESION VERTICAL THICKNESS GREATER THAN 2MM INDICATOR [LESION VERTICAL THICKNESS GREATER THAN 2MM INDICATION CODE]	an1	R

CLARKS LEVEL IV INDICATOR: Greater than or equal to Clarks level IV.

Y	Yes
N	No
U	Uncertain
Х	Cannot be assessed

Note: Clark level IV Indicator is only required to differentiate between T1a and T1b melanomas when mitotic rate cannot be measured AND in the absence of ulceration. In these cases Clarks level IV or above categorises the melanoma as stage T1b.

LESION VERTICAL THICKNESS GREATER THAN 2MM INDICATOR: Is the vertical thickness

of the lesion greater than 2mm.

Y	Yes (Greater than 2mm)
N	No (Less than or equal to 2mm)
U	Uncertain
Х	Cannot be assessed
9	Not known

11.4 - SKIN - PATHOLOGY – MALIGNANT MELANOMA

Data item No.	Data Item Section	Data Item Name	Format	Schema specification (M/R/O/X)
SK12580	SKIN - PATHOLOGY - MM	ULCERATION INDICATOR [ULCERATION INDICATION CODE]	an1	R
SK12590	SKIN - PATHOLOGY - MM	MITOTIC RATE (SKIN)	max n3	R
SK12600	SKIN - PATHOLOGY - MM	MICROSATELLITE OR IN- TRANSIT METASTASIS INDICATOR [MICROSATELLITE OR IN-TRANSIT METASTASIS INDICATION CODE]	an1	R
SK12620	SKIN - PATHOLOGY - MM	TUMOUR REGRESSION INDICATOR [TUMOUR REGRESSION INDICATION CODE]	an1	R
SK12630	SKIN - PATHOLOGY - MM	BRESLOW THICKNESS	max n2.max n2	R
SK12430	SKIN - PATHOLOGY - MM	TUMOUR INFILTRATING LYMPHOCYTES (TILS) [TUMOUR INFILTRATING LYMPHOCYTE TYPE]	an1	R
SK12450	SKIN - PATHOLOGY - MM	FINAL EXCISION MARGIN AFTER WIDE LOCAL EXCISION	max n2.max n2	R
SK12460	SKIN - PATHOLOGY - MM	SENTINEL NODES EXAMINED NUMBER [NUMBER OF SENTINEL NODES SAMPLED]	max n2	R

SK12470	SKIN - PATHOLOGY - MM	SENTINEL NODES POSITIVE NUMBER [NUMBER OF SENTINEL NODES POSITIVE]	max n2	R
SK12480	SKIN - PATHOLOGY - MM	POST SNB COMPLETION LYMPHADENECTOMY - NODES SAMPLED NUMBER [NUMBER OF NODES SAMPLED (POST SENTINEL NODE COMPLETION LYMPHADENECTOMY]	max n2	R
SK12490	SKIN - PATHOLOGY - MM	POST SNB COMPLETION LYMPHADENECTOMY - NODES POSITIVE NUMBER [NUMBER OF NODES POSITIVE (POST SENTINEL NODE COMPLETION LYMPHADENECTOMY]	max n2	R

ULCERATION INDICATOR: Loss of full thickness of epidermis associated with reactive changes (ulceration).

Y	Yes (Present)
N	No (Not identified)
U	Uncertain
Х	Cannot be assessed
9	Not known

MITOTIC RATE (SKIN): Mitotic rate per square millimetres (mm).

Note: May also be known as Mitotic Index or Count.

MICROSATELLITE OR IN-TRANSIT METASTASIS INDICATOR: Is there evidence of

Microsatellite or in transit metastases.

Y	Yes (Present)
N	No (Not identified)
U	Uncertain
Х	Cannot be assessed
9	Not known

TUMOUR REGRESSION INDICATOR: Area of loss of tumour associated with reactive changes.

Y	Yes (Present)
N	No (Not identified)
U	Uncertain
Х	Cannot be assessed
9	Not known

BRESLOW THICKNESS: Breslow thickness in mm, can be recorded to nearest 0.01mm where clinically appropriate.

Note: Breslow thickness should be measured to a minimum of one decimal place but at times to a greater degree of precision as to allow accurate AJCC staging.... it is essential that the thickness in mm that is recorded in a database should accurately reflect the stated AJCC7

stage.' (Dataset for the histological reporting of primary cutaneous malignant melanoma and regional lymph nodes (2nd edition) November 2012)

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TUMOUR INFILTRATING LYMPHOCYTES (TILS): Type of TILS. Tumour infiltrating lymphocytes (TILS) are white blood cells that have left the bloodstream and migrated into a tumour.

N	Non-brisk
В	Brisk
А	Absent

FINAL EXCISION MARGIN AFTER WIDE LOCAL EXCISION: Record the final margin of excision, in millimetres (mm's), after wide local excision procedure. This is an amalgamation of clinical and histopathological data.

SENTINEL NODES EXAMINED NUMBER: Number of sentinel nodes sampled.

SENTINEL NODES POSITIVE NUMBER: Number of sentinel nodes positive.

POST SNB COMPLETION LYMPHADENECTOMY - NODES SAMPLED NUMBER: Post SNB completion lymphadenectomy, number of nodes sampled. This procedure is not carried out in all cases.

POST SNB COMPLETION LYMPHADENECTOMY - NODES POSITIVE NUMBER: Post SNB completion lymphadenectomy, number of nodes positive. This procedure is not carried out in all cases.

12. UPPER GI - PATHOLOGY

This section can be recorded more than once.

Data item No.	Data Item Section	Data Item Name	Format	Schema specification (M/R/O/X)
UG14470	UPPER GI - PATHOLOGY - LIVER METS	NUMBER OF COLORECTAL METASTASES IN LIVER CODE	an1	R
UG14480	UPPER GI - PATHOLOGY - OESOPHAGEAL AND STOMACH	EXCISION MARGIN (PROXIMAL, DISTAL) [MARGIN INVOLVED INDICATION CODE (POSITIVE PROXIMAL OR DISTAL RESECTION MARGIN)]	an1	R
UG14490	UPPER GI - PATHOLOGY - OESOPHAGEAL, OG JUNCTION, PANCREAS, BILE DUCT, LCC, LIVER HCC AND LIVER METS	EXCISION MARGIN (CIRCUMFERENTIAL) [MARGIN INVOLVED INDICATION CODE (CIRCUMFERENTIAL MARGIN)]	an1	R

NUMBER OF COLORECTAL METASTASES IN LIVER CODE: Number of colorectal

metastases identified in resected liver.

0	None
1	1
2	2
3	3
4	4
5	5
М	Greater than 5

EXCISION MARGIN (PROXIMAL, DISTAL): Identify whether either proximal or distal margin is involved. (Involved equals 1mm or less, not involved equals greater than 1mm).

0	Margin not involved
1	Margin involved
9	Not known

EXCISION MARGIN (CIRCUMFERENTIAL): Identify whether circumferential margin is involved. (Involved equals 1mm or less, not involved equals greater than 1mm).

0	Margin not involved
1	Margin involved
9	Not known

13. UROLOGY - PATHOLOGY

13.1 – UROLOGY – PATHOLOGY – BLADDER

This section will be recorded once per pathology report where applicable.

Data item No.	Data Item Section	Data Item Name		Forma	ıt	Schema specification (M/R/O/X)
UR15120	UROLOGY PATHOLOG BLADDER	Y -	DETRUSOF PRESENCE I [DETRUSOR MUS INDICATIO	NDICATOR CLE PRESENCE	an1	R
UR15290	UROLOGY PATHOLOG BLADDER	Y -	TUMOUR (UROL		an1	R

DETRUSOR MUSCLE PRESENCE INDICATOR: BLADDER ONLY. Presence or absence of detrusor muscle in the specimen.

TUMOUR GRADE (UROLOGY): BLADDER ONLY. Specify whether LOW, HIGH Grade or PUNLMP (Papillary Urothelial Neoplasm of Low Malignant Potential).

L	Low
H	High
P	PUNLMP
Х	Not applicable

13.2 - UROLOGY – PATHOLOGY – KIDNEY

Data item No.	Data Item Section	Data Item Name	Format	Schema specification (M/R/O/X)
UR15130	UROLOGY - PATHOLOGY - KIDNEY	TUMOUR NECROSIS INDICATOR	an1	R
UR15140	UROLOGY - PATHOLOGY - KIDNEY	PERINEPHRIC FAT INVASION [TUMOUR INVASION INDICATOR (PERINEPHRIC FAT)]	an1	R
UR15150	UROLOGY - PATHOLOGY - KIDNEY	ADRENAL INVASION [TUMOUR INVASION INDICATOR (ADRENAL)]	an1	R
UR15160	UROLOGY - PATHOLOGY - KIDNEY	RENAL VEIN TUMOUR [RENAL VEIN TUMOUR INDICATOR]	an1	R
UR15170	UROLOGY - PATHOLOGY - KIDNEY	GEROTA'S FASCIA INVASION [TUMOUR INVASION INDICATOR (GEROTAS FASCIA)]	an1	R

TUMOUR NECROSIS INDICATOR: Is there evidence of coagulative tumour necrosis?

Y	Yes
N	No

PERINEPHRIC FAT INVASION: Is there evidence of perinephric fat invasion?

Y	Yes
N	No

ADRENAL INVASION: Is there evidence of direct adrenal invasion?

Y	Yes
N	No

RENAL VEIN TUMOUR: Is there evidence of tumour thrombus in the renal vein?

Y	Yes
N	No
U	Uncertain

GEROTA'S FASCIA INVASION: Is there evidence of invasion into Gerota's fascia?

Y	Yes
N	No

13.3 - UROLOGY – PATHOLOGY – PENIS

This section will be recorded once per pathology report where applicable.

Data item No.	Data Item Section	Data Item Name	Format	Schema specification (M/R/O/X)
UR15180	UROLOGY- PATHOLOGY - PENIS	CORPUS SPONGIOSUM INVASION [TUMOUR INVASION INDICATOR (CORPUS SPONGIOSUM)]	an1	R
UR15190	UROLOGY- PATHOLOGY - PENIS	CORPUS CAVERNOSUM INVASION [TUMOUR INVASION INDICATOR (CORPUS CAVERNOSUM)]	an1	R
UR15200	UROLOGY- PATHOLOGY - PENIS	URETHRA OR PROSTATE INVASION [TUMOUR INVASION INDICATOR (URETHRA OR PROSTATE)]	an1	R

CORPUS SPONGIOSUM INVASION: Is there evidence of invasion into corpus spongiosum?

Y	Yes
N	No

CORPUS CAVERNOSUM INVASION: Is there evidence of invasion into corpus cavernosum?

Y	Yes
Ν	No

URETHRA OR PROSTATE INVASION: Is there evidence of invasion into the urethra or prostate?

Y	Yes
N	No

13.4 - UROLOGY – PATHOLOGY – PROSTATE

This section will be recorded once per pathology report where applicable.

Data item No.	Data Item Section	Data Item Name	Format	Schema specification (M/R/O/X)
UR15210	UROLOGY - PATHOLOGY - PROSTATE	GLEASON GRADE (PRIMARY)	an1*	R
UR15220	UROLOGY - PATHOLOGY - PROSTATE	GLEASON GRADE (SECONDARY)	an1*	R
UR15230	UROLOGY - PATHOLOGY - PROSTATE	GLEASON GRADE (TERTIARY)	an1*	R
UR15240	UROLOGY - PATHOLOGY - PROSTATE	PERINEURAL INVASION [PERINEURAL INVASION INDICATOR (UROLOGY)]	an1	R
UR15250	UROLOGY - PATHOLOGY - PROSTATE	ORGAN CONFINED [ORGAN CONFINED INDICATOR]	an1	R
UR15260	UROLOGY - PATHOLOGY - PROSTATE	SEMINAL VESICLES INVASION [TUMOUR INVASION INDICATOR (SEMINAL VESICLES)]	an1	R
UR15270	UROLOGY - PATHOLOGY - PROSTATE	TURP TUMOUR PERCENTAGE	max n3	R

*Format an1 used to align with Data Dictionary rules.

Applies to the next three data items:

The <u>Gleason Grading System</u> is used to help evaluate the prognosis of men with prostate cancer.

A pathologist assigns a Gleason grade to the most common tumour pattern in a biopsy specimen (Primary Grade) then the second most common (Secondary Grade). The grades are added together to give the Gleason Score. Sometimes pathologists will also give a grade to a third component of the specimen (Tertiary Grade) although this recorded separately and is not added to the score.

GLEASON GRADE (PRIMARY): What is the most extensive Gleason grade?

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GLEASON GRADE (SECONDARY): If additional grades are present, what is the highest grade (biopsy) or the second most extensive grade (TURP and radicals)? If no additional grades are present, primary and secondary grades are the same.

1 - 5 Range 1-5

GLEASON GRADE (TERTIARY): Is there a different third grade in addition the primary and secondary grades and what is its value? Note that this is only applicable to about 5% of prostate cases. *It is important to note that the Tertiary Grade is not the added value of the Primary and Secondary Gleason.*

1 - 5	Range 1 - 5
8	Not applicable

PERINEURAL INVASION: Is there perineural invasion (invasion into perineurium of nerve

bundles- PNI)

Y	Yes
N	No
Х	Cannot be assessed
9	Not known

ORGAN CONFINED: If prostatectomy was performed, is the tumour confined to the prostate?

Y	Yes
N	No
Х	Not applicable

SEMINAL VESICLES INVASION: If prostatectomy was performed, is there invasion into Seminal Vesicles?

Y	Yes
Ν	No
Х	Not applicable

TURP TUMOUR PERCENTAGE: For TURP only, what percentage of tumour if clinically unsuspected tumour. Range 0 - 100

13.5 - UROLOGY – PATHOLOGY – TESTICULAR

This section will be recorded once per pathology report where applicable.

Data item No.	Data Item Section	Data Item Name	Format	Schema specification (M/R/O/X)
UR15310	UROLOGY - PATHOLOGY - TESTICULAR	RETE TESTES INVASION [TUMOUR INVASION INDICATOR (RETE TESTIS)]	an1	R

RETE TESTES INVASION: For Seminoma only, does the tumour invade the rete testis?

Y	Yes
N	No

X Not applicable

Appendix A – SNOMED Codes for Primary Diagnoses

The following guide shows all the registerable diseases by SNOMED code. *Further guidance is available from your local cancer registration service office.*

All conditions represented by SNOMED morphology codes beginning M8 and M9 are registerable if the last digit of the code is in the range 1-9.

BENIGN CANCERS

Codes ending in a zero (0=benign) are *not* registerable unless the corresponding SNOMED topography code is shown in table A1:

Tumour Site	SNOMED2 Topography code (First 3/4 digits)	SNOMED International Topography code (First 3/4 digits)
Placenta	T88	TF1
Pituitary Gland	T91	TB1
Pineal Body	T92	TB2
Brain and Central Nervous System	TX excluding TX05-TX07	TA0-TA8 excluding TA05-TA07

Table A1

NON M8/M9 MORPHOLOGIES

The following codes not beginning with M8 or M9 are registerable and should also be sent:

SNOMED Morphology code	Tumour Site	SNOMED2 Topography code	SNOMED International Topography Code				
M49000	Bone Marrow	T06	TC1				
M74008		All Sites excluding skin					
M74009	All Sites excluding skin						

Table A2

SNOMED CT

Versions of SNOMED prior to SNOMED CT cease to be licenced by The International Health Terminology Standards Development Organisation (IHTSDO) after April 2017 other than for historical content.

All Trusts are therefore advised to report all SNOMED Topography and Histology

from April 2017 in CT only

Appendix B – Cancer Waiting Times ICD10 Codes and Tumour Groups for Primary Diagnoses

(Applicable from April 2012) These are registerable conditions for the purposes of Cancer Waiting Times and used within Cancer Registration i.e. NCRAS mandatory fields

Notes:

- The following table lists all the registerable diseases by ICD10 code, together with the expected dataset to be completed and the potential stage.
- This table provides general guidelines only as not all permutations can be covered and there will always be exceptions. Local clinical input is essential to identify and complete the appropriate stage.
- Further guidance is available from your local cancer registration service office.

Key:

() = if applicable

* = different dataset from CWT group specified

ICD-10 4th	lataset nom CWT gro	Expected Dataset to be collected				
Edition All C Codes are Malignant Neoplasms	Description	Cancer Waiting Times Site specific group	Core and Site Specific Dataset	Core Dataset	Path Only	Comment
C00.0	External upper lip	Head and Neck		•		
C00.1	External lower lip	Head and Neck		•		
C00.2	External lip, unspecified	Head and Neck		•		
C00.3	Upper lip, inner aspect	Head and Neck	•			
C00.4	Lower lip, inner aspect	Head and Neck	•			
C00.5	Lip, unspecified, inner aspect	Head and Neck	•			
C00.6	Commissure of lip	Head and Neck	•			
C00.8	Overlapping lesion of lip	Head and Neck	•			
C00.9	Lip, unspecified	Head and Neck	•			
C01	Malignant neoplasm of base of tongue	Head and Neck	•			
C02.0	Dorsal surface of tongue	Head and Neck	•			
C02.1	Border of tongue	Head and Neck	•			
C02.2	Ventral surface of tongue	Head and Neck	•			

ICD-10 4th Edition			Expected D	ataset to be c	ollected	
All C Codes are Malignant Neoplasms	Description	Cancer Waiting Times Site specific group	Core and Site Specific Dataset	Core Dataset	Path Only	Comment
C02.3	Anterior two-thirds of tongue, part unspecified	Head and Neck	•			
C02.4	Lingual tonsil	Head and Neck	•			
C02.8	Overlapping lesion of tongue	Head and Neck	•			
C02.9	Tongue, unspecified	Head and Neck	•			
C03.0	Upper gum	Head and Neck	•			
C03.1	Lower gum	Head and Neck	•			
C03.9	Gum, unspecified	Head and Neck	•			
C04.0	Anterior floor of mouth	Head and Neck	•			
C04.1	Lateral floor of mouth	Head and Neck	•			
C04.8	Overlapping lesion of floor of mouth	Head and Neck	•			
C04.9	Floor of mouth, unspecified	Head and Neck	•			
C05.0	Hard palate	Head and Neck	•			
C05.1	Soft palate	Head and Neck	•			
C05.2	Uvula	Head and Neck	•			
C05.8	Overlapping lesion of palate	Head and Neck	•			
C05.9	Palate, unspecified	Head and Neck	•			
C06.0	Cheek mucosa	Head and Neck	•			
C06.1	Vestibule of mouth	Head and Neck	•			
C06.2	Retromolar area	Head and Neck	•			
C06.8	Overlapping lesion of other and unspecified parts of mouth	Head and Neck	•			
C06.9	Mouth, unspecified	Head and Neck	•			
C07	Malignant neoplasm of parotid gland	Head and Neck	•			

ICD-10 4th Edition			Expected Dataset to be collected			
All C Codes are Malignant Neoplasms	Description	Cancer Waiting Times Site specific group	Core and Site Specific Dataset	Core Dataset	Path Only	Comment
C08.0	Submandibular gland	Head and Neck	•			
C08.1	Sublingual gland	Head and Neck	•			
C08.8	Overlapping lesion of major salivary glands	Head and Neck	•			
C08.9	Major salivary gland, unspecified	Head and Neck	•			
C09.0	Tonsillar fossa	Head and Neck	•			
C09.1	Tonsillar pillar (anterior) (posterior)	Head and Neck	•			
C09.8	Överlapping lesion of tonsil	Head and Neck	•			
C09.9	Tonsil, unspecified	Head and Neck	•			
C10.0	Vallecula	Head and Neck	•			
C10.1	Anterior surface of epiglottis	Head and Neck	•			
C10.2	Lateral wall of oropharynx	Head and Neck	•			
C10.3	Posterior wall of oropharynx	Head and Neck	•			
C10.4	Branchial cleft	Head and Neck	•			
C10.8	Overlapping lesion of oropharynx	Head and Neck	•			
C10.9	Oropharynx, unspecified	Head and Neck	•			
C11.0	Superior wall of nasopharynx	Head and Neck	•			
C11.1	Posterior wall of nasopharynx	Head and Neck	•			
C11.2	Lateral wall of nasopharynx	Head and Neck	•			
C11.3	Anterior wall of nasopharynx	Head and Neck	•			
C11.8	Overlapping lesion of nasopharynx	Head and Neck	•			
C11.9	Nasopharynx, unspecified	Head and Neck	•			
C12	Malignant neoplasm of pyriform sinus	Head and Neck	•			

ICD-10 4th			Expected Dataset to be collected			
Edition All C Codes are Malignant		Cancer Waiting Times Site	Core and Site Specific	Core	Path	
Neoplasms C13.0	Description	specific group Head and	Dataset	Dataset	Only	Comment
	Postcricoid region	Neck	•			
C13.1	Aryepiglottic fold, hypopharyngeal aspect	Head and Neck	•			
C13.2	Posterior wall of hypopharynx	Head and Neck	•			
C13.8	Overlapping lesion of hypopharynx	Head and Neck	•			
C13.9	Hypopharynx, unspecified	Head and Neck	•			
C14.0	Pharynx, unspecified	Head and Neck	•			
C14.2	Waldeyer's ring	Head and Neck	•			
C14.8	Overlapping lesion of lip, oral cavity and pharynx	Head and Neck	•			
C15.0	Cervical part of oesophagus	Upper Gastrointestin al	*			Usually treated by Head & Neck MDT.
C15.1	Thoracic part of oesophagus	Upper Gastrointestin al	•			
C15.2	Abdominal part of oesophagus	Upper Gastrointestin al	•			
C15.3	Upper third of oesophagus	Upper Gastrointestin al	•			
C15.4	Middle third of oesophagus	Upper Gastrointestin al	•			
C15.5	Lower third of oesophagus	Upper Gastrointestin al	•			
C15.8	Overlapping lesion of oesophagus	Upper Gastrointestin al	•			
C15.9	Oesophagus, unspecified	Upper Gastrointestin al	•			
C16.0	Cardia	Upper Gastrointestin al	•			

ICD-10 4th		Expected Dataset to be collected				
Edition All C Codes are Malignant Neoplasms	Description	Cancer Waiting Times Site specific group	Core and Site Specific Dataset	Core Dataset	Path Only	Comment
C16.1	Fundus of stomach	Upper Gastrointestin al	•			
C16.2	Body of stomach	Upper Gastrointestin al	•			
C16.3	Pyloric antrum	Upper Gastrointestin al	•			
C16.4	Pylorus	Upper Gastrointestin al	•			
C16.5	Lesser curvature of stomach, unspecified	Upper Gastrointestin al	•			
C16.6	Greater curvature of stomach, unspecified	Upper Gastrointestin al	•			
C16.8	Overlapping lesion of stomach	Upper Gastrointestin al	•			
C16.9	Stomach, unspecified	Upper Gastrointestin al	•			
C17.0	Duodenum	Colorectal		•		Usually treated by Upper GI MDT
C17.1	Jejunum	Colorectal		•		Usually treated by Upper GI MDT
C17.2	lleum	Colorectal		•		Usually treated by Upper GI MDT
C17.3	Meckel's diverticulum	Colorectal		•		Usually treated by Upper GI MDT
C17.8	Overlapping lesion of small intestine	Colorectal		•		Usually treated by Upper GI MDT
C17.9	Small intestine, unspecified	Colorectal		•		Usually treated by Upper GI MDT

ICD-10 4th Edition		Expected Dataset to be collected			_	
All C Codes are Malignant Neoplasms	Description	Cancer Waiting Times Site specific group	Core and Site Specific Dataset	Core Dataset	Path Only	Comment
C18.0	Caecum	Colorectal	٠			
C18.1	Appendix	Colorectal		•		
C18.2	Ascending colon	Colorectal	•			
C18.3	Hepatic flexure	Colorectal	•			
C18.4	Transverse colon	Colorectal	•			
C18.5	Splenic flexure	Colorectal	•			
C18.6	Descending colon	Colorectal	•			
C18.7	Sigmoid colon	Colorectal	•			
C18.8	Overlapping lesion of colon	Colorectal	•			
C18.9	Colon, unspecified	Colorectal	•			
C19	Malignant neoplasm of rectosigmoid junction	Colorectal	•			
C20	Malignant neoplasm of rectum	Colorectal	•			
C21.0	Anus, unspecified	Colorectal		•		
C21.1	Anal canal	Colorectal		•		
C21.2	Cloacogenic zone	Colorectal		•		
C21.8	Overlapping lesion of rectum, anus and anal canal	Colorectal		•		
C22.0	Liver cell carcinoma	Upper Gastrointestin al	•			Liver cell carcinoma is also known as HCC.
C22.1	Intrahepatic bile duct carcinoma	Upper Gastrointestin al	•			
C22.2	Hepatoblastoma	Upper Gastrointestin al	•			
C22.3	Angiosarcoma of liver	Upper Gastrointestin al	•			
C22.4	Other sarcomas of liver	Upper Gastrointestin al	•			
C22.7	Other specified carcinomas of liver	Upper Gastrointestin al	•			

ICD-10 4th				ollected		
Edition All C Codes are Malignant Neoplasms	Description	Cancer Waiting Times Site specific group	Core and Site Specific Dataset	Core Dataset	Path Only	Comment
C22.9	Liver, unspecified	Upper Gastrointestin al	•	Bulloot	Cilly	Common
C23	Malignant neoplasm of gallbladder	Upper Gastrointestin al	•			
C24.0	Extrahepatic bile duct	Upper Gastrointestin al	•			
C24.1	Ampulla of Vater	Upper Gastrointestin al	•			
C24.8	Overlapping lesion of biliary tract	Upper Gastrointestin al	•			
C24.9	Biliary tract, unspecified	Upper Gastrointestin al	•			
C25.0	Head of pancreas	Upper Gastrointestin al	•			
C25.1	Body of pancreas	Upper Gastrointestin al	•			
C25.2	Tail of pancreas	Upper Gastrointestin al	•			
C25.3	Pancreatic duct	Upper Gastrointestin al	•			
C25.4	Endocrine pancreas	Upper Gastrointestin al	•			
C25.7	Other parts of pancreas	Upper Gastrointestin al	•			
C25.8	Overlapping lesion of pancreas	Upper Gastrointestin al	•			
C25.9	Pancreas, unspecified	Upper Gastrointestin al	•			
C26.0	Intestinal tract, part unspecified	Colorectal	•			
C26.1	Spleen	Colorectal		٠		
C26.8	Overlapping lesion of digestive system	Colorectal		٠		

ICD-10 4th			Expected D	ataset to be c	ollected	
Edition All C Codes are Malignant Neoplasms	Description	Cancer Waiting Times Site specific group	Core and Site Specific Dataset	Core Dataset	Path Only	Comment
C26.9	III-defined sites within the digestive system	Colorectal		•		
C30.0	Nasal cavity	Head and Neck	•			
C30.1	Middle ear	Head and Neck	•			
C31.0	Maxillary sinus	Head and Neck	•			
C31.1	Ethmoidal sinus	Head and Neck	•			
C31.2	Frontal sinus	Head and Neck	•			
C31.3	Sphenoidal sinus	Head and Neck	•			
C31.8	Overlapping lesion of accessory sinuses	Head and Neck	•			
C31.9	Accessory sinus, unspecified	Head and Neck	•			
C32.0	Glottis	Head and Neck	•			
C32.1	Supraglottis	Head and Neck	•			
C32.2	Subglottis	Head and Neck	•			
C32.3	Laryngeal cartilage	Head and Neck	•			
C32.8	Overlapping lesion of larynx	Head and Neck	•			
C32.9	Larynx, unspecified	Head and Neck	•			
C33	Malignant neoplasm of trachea	Lung	•			
C34.0	Main bronchus	Lung	•			
C34.1	Upper lobe, bronchus or lung	Lung	•			
C34.2	Middle lobe, bronchus or lung	Lung	•			
C34.3	Lower lobe, bronchus or lung	Lung	•			
C34.8	Overlapping lesion of bronchus and lung	Lung	•			
C34.9	Bronchus or lung, unspecified	Lung	•			

ICD-10 4th Edition			Expected D	ataset to be c	ollected	
All C Codes are Malignant Neoplasms	Description	Cancer Waiting Times Site specific group	Core and Site Specific Dataset	Core Dataset	Path Only	Comment
C37	Malignant neoplasm of thymus	Lung	•			
C38.0	Heart	Lung		٠		
C38.1	Anterior mediastinum	Lung		•		
C38.2	Posterior mediastinum	Lung		٠		
C38.3	Mediastinum, part unspecified	Lung		٠		
C38.4	Pleura	Lung		٠		
C38.8	Overlapping lesion of heart, mediastinum and pleura	Lung		•		
C39.0	Upper respiratory tract, part unspecified	Lung		•		
C39.8	Overlapping lesion of respiratory and intrathoracic organs	Lung		•		
C39.9	III-defined sites within the respiratory system	Lung		•		
C40.0	Scapula and long bones of upper limb	Sarcoma	•			
C40.1	Short bones of upper limb	Sarcoma	•			
C40.2	Long bones of lower limb	Sarcoma	•			
C40.3	Short bones of lower limb	Sarcoma	•			
C40.8	Overlapping lesion of bone and articular cartilage of limbs	Sarcoma	•			
C40.9	Bone and articular cartilage of limb, unspecified	Sarcoma	•			
C41.0	Bones of skull and face	Sarcoma	•			
C41.1	Mandible	Sarcoma	•			
C41.2	Vertebral column	Sarcoma	•			
C41.3	Ribs, sternum and clavicle	Sarcoma	•			

ICD-10 4th	4th Expected Dataset to be collected					
Edition						
All C Codes are Malignant Neoplasms	Description	Cancer Waiting Times Site specific group	Core and Site Specific Dataset	Core Dataset	Path Only	Comment
C41.4	Pelvic bones, sacrum and coccyx	Sarcoma	•			
C41.8	Overlapping lesion of bone and articular cartilage	Sarcoma	•			
C41.9	Bone and articular cartilage, unspecified	Sarcoma	•			
C43.0	Malignant melanoma of lip	Skin	•			
C43.1	Malignant melanoma of eyelid, including canthus	Skin	•			
C43.2	Malignant melanoma of ear and external auricular canal	Skin	•			
C43.3	Malignant melanoma of other and unspecified parts of face	Skin	•			
C43.4	Malignant melanoma of scalp and neck	Skin	•			
C43.5	Malignant melanoma of trunk	Skin	•			
C43.6	Malignant melanoma of upper limb, including shoulder	Skin	•			
C43.7	Malignant melanoma of lower limb, including hip	Skin	•			
C43.8	Overlapping malignant melanoma of skin	Skin	•			
C43.9	Malignant melanoma of skin, unspecified	Skin	•			

ICD-10 4th			Expected Dataset to be collected			
Edition All C Codes are Malignant Neoplasms	Description	Cancer Waiting Times Site specific group	Core and Site Specific Dataset	Core Dataset	Path Only	Comment
C44.0	Skin of lip	Skin	(•)	(•)	(•)	See the Skin chapter of the COSD User Guide (Overview Section) for further information on the collection of this Skin disease.
C44.1	Skin of eyelid, including canthus	Skin	(●)	(●)	(•)	See the Skin chapter of the COSD User Guide (Overview Section) for further information on the collection of this Skin disease.
C44.2	Skin of ear and external auricular canal	Skin	(●)	(●)	(•)	See the Skin chapter of the COSD User Guide (Overview Section) for further information on the collection of this Skin disease.

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ICD-10 4th			Expected D	ataset to be c	ollected	
Edition All C Codes are Malignant Neoplasms	Description	Cancer Waiting Times Site specific group	Core and Site Specific Dataset	Core Dataset	Path Only	Comment
C44.3	Skin of other and unspecified parts of face	Skin	(•)	(•)	(•)	See the Skin chapter of the COSD User Guide (Overview Section) for further information on the collection of this Skin disease.
C44.4	Skin of scalp and neck	Skin	(●)	(●)	(•)	See the Skin chapter of the COSD User Guide (Overview Section) for further information on the collection of this Skin disease.
C44.5	Skin of trunk	Skin	(●)	(●)	(●)	See the Skin chapter of the COSD User Guide (Overview Section) for further information on the collection of this Skin disease.

ICD-10 4th			Expected D	ataset to be c	ollected	
Edition All C Codes are Malignant Neoplasms	Description	Cancer Waiting Times Site specific group	Core and Site Specific Dataset	Core Dataset	Path Only	Comment
C44.6	Skin of upper limb, including shoulder	Skin	(•)	(•)	(•)	See the Skin chapter of the COSD User Guide (Overview Section) for further information on the collection of this Skin disease.
C44.7	Skin of lower limb, including hip	Skin	(●)	(●)	(•)	See the Skin chapter of the COSD User Guide (Overview Section) for further information on the collection of this Skin disease.
C44.8	Overlapping lesion of skin	Skin	(●)	(●)	(•)	See the Skin chapter of the COSD User Guide (Overview Section) for further information on the collection of this Skin disease.

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ICD-10 4th			Expected D	ataset to be c	ollected	
Edition All C Codes are Malignant Neoplasms	Description	Cancer Waiting Times Site specific group	Core and Site Specific Dataset	Core Dataset	Path Only	Comment
C44.9	Malignant neoplasm of skin, unspecified	Skin	(●)	(●)	(•)	See the Skin chapter of the COSD User Guide (Overview Section) for further information on the collection of this Skin disease.
C45.0	Mesothelioma of pleura	Lung		●		
C45.1	Mesothelioma of peritoneum	Lung		•		
C45.2	Mesothelioma of pericardium	Lung		•		
C45.7	Mesothelioma of other sites	Lung		•		
C45.9	Mesothelioma, unspecified	Lung		•		
C46.0	Kaposi sarcoma of skin	Sarcoma		•		
C46.1	Kaposi sarcoma of soft tissue	Sarcoma		•		
C46.2	Kaposi sarcoma of palate	Sarcoma		•		
C46.3	Kaposi sarcoma of lymph nodes	Sarcoma		•		
C46.7	Kaposi sarcoma of other sites	Sarcoma		•		
C46.8	Kaposi sarcoma of multiple organs	Sarcoma		•		
C46.9	Kaposi sarcoma, unspecified	Sarcoma		●		
C47.0	Peripheral nerves of head, face and neck	Brain/Central Nervous System		•		Usually treated by Sarcoma MDT.
C47.1	Peripheral nerves of upper limb, including shoulder	Brain/Central Nervous System		•		Usually treated by Sarcoma MDT.

ICD-10 4th			Expected D	ataset to be c	ollected	
Edition All C Codes are Malignant Neoplasms	Description	Cancer Waiting Times Site specific group	Core and Site Specific Dataset	Core Dataset	Path Only	Comment
C47.2	Peripheral nerves of lower limb, including hip	Brain/Central Nervous System		•		Usually treated by Sarcoma MDT.
C47.3	Peripheral nerves of thorax	Brain/Central Nervous System		•		Usually treated by Sarcoma MDT.
C47.4	Peripheral nerves of abdomen	Brain/Central Nervous System		•		Usually treated by Sarcoma MDT.
C47.5	Peripheral nerves of pelvis	Brain/Central Nervous System		•		Usually treated by Sarcoma MDT.
C47.6	Peripheral nerves of trunk, unspecified	Brain/Central Nervous System		•		Usually treated by Sarcoma MDT.
C47.8	Overlapping lesion of peripheral nerves and autonomic nervous system	Brain/Central Nervous System		•		Usually treated by Sarcoma MDT.
C47.9	Peripheral nerves and autonomic nervous system, unspecified	Brain/Central Nervous System		•		Usually treated by Sarcoma MDT.
C48.0	Retroperitoneum	Sarcoma	•			Usually treated by Sarcoma MDT.
C48.1	Specified parts of peritoneum	Sarcoma	•			* Sarcoma and Gynaecolog y Datasets to be collected where applicable.
C48.2	Peritoneum, unspecified	Sarcoma	•			* Sarcoma and Gynaecolog y Datasets to be collected where applicable.

ICD-10 4th			Expected D	ataset to be c	ollected	
Edition All C Codes are Malignant Neoplasms	Description	Cancer Waiting Times Site specific group	Core and Site Specific Dataset	Core Dataset	Path Only	Comment
C48.8	Overlapping lesion of retroperitoneum and peritoneum	Sarcoma	•	Dutaset	Cilly	Comment
C49.0	Connective and soft tissue of head, face and neck	Sarcoma	•			
C49.1	Connective and soft tissue of upper limb, including shoulder	Sarcoma	•			
C49.2	Connective and soft tissue of lower limb, including hip	Sarcoma	•			
C49.3	Connective and soft tissue of thorax	Sarcoma	•			
C49.4	Connective and soft tissue of abdomen	Sarcoma	•			
C49.5	Connective and soft tissue of pelvis	Sarcoma	•			
C49.6	Connective and soft tissue of trunk, unspecified	Sarcoma	•			
C49.8	Overlapping lesion of connective and soft tissue	Sarcoma	•			
C49.9	Connective and soft tissue, unspecified	Sarcoma	•			
C50.0	Nipple and areola	Breast	•			
C50.1	Central portion of breast	Breast	•			
C50.2	Upper-inner quadrant of breast	Breast	•			
C50.3	Lower-inner quadrant of breast	Breast	•			
C50.4	Upper-outer quadrant of breast	Breast	•			
C50.5	Lower-outer quadrant of breast	Breast	•			
C50.6	Axillary tail of breast	Breast	•			
C50.8	Overlapping lesion of breast	Breast	•			
C50.9	Breast, unspecified	Breast	•			

ICD-10 4th			Expected D	ataset to be c	ollected	
Edition All C Codes are Malignant Neoplasms	Description	Cancer Waiting Times Site specific group	Core and Site Specific Dataset	Core Dataset	Path Only	Comment
C51.0	Labium majus	Gynaecologic al	•			* Gynaecolog y and Skin Datasets to be collected where applicable.
C51.1	Labium minus	Gynaecologic al	•			* Gynaecolog y and Skin Datasets to be collected where applicable.
C51.2	Clitoris	Gynaecologic al	•			* Gynaecolog y and Skin Datasets to be collected where applicable.
C51.8	Overlapping lesion of vulva	Gynaecologic al	•			* Gynaecolog y and Skin Datasets to be collected where applicable.
C51.9	Vulva, unspecified	Gynaecologic al	•			* Gynaecolog y and Skin Datasets to be collected where applicable.
C52	Malignant neoplasm of vagina	Gynaecologic al	•			
C53.0	Endocervix	Gynaecologic al	٠			
C53.1	Exocervix	Gynaecologic al	•			
C53.8	Overlapping lesion of cervix uteri	Gynaecologic al	•			
C53.9	Cervix uteri, unspecified	Gynaecologic al	•			
C54.0	Isthmus uteri	Gynaecologic al	•			

ICD-10 4th			Expected D	ataset to be c	ollected	
Edition All C Codes are Malignant		Cancer Waiting Times Site	Core and Site Specific	Core	Path	
Neoplasms	Description	specific group	Dataset	Dataset	Only	Comment
C54.1	Endometrium	Gynaecologic al	•			
C54.2	Myometrium	Gynaecologic al	•			
C54.3	Fundus uteri	Gynaecologic al	•			
C54.8	Overlapping lesion of corpus uteri	Gynaecologic al	•			
C54.9	Corpus uteri, unspecified	Gynaecologic al	•			
C55	Malignant neoplasm of uterus, part unspecified	Gynaecologic al	•			
C56	Malignant neoplasm of ovary	Gynaecologic al	•			
C57.0	Fallopian tube	Gynaecologic al	•			
C57.1	Broad ligament	Gynaecologic al	•			
C57.2	Round ligament	Gynaecologic al	•			
C57.3	Parametrium	Gynaecologic al	•			
C57.4	Uterine adnexa, unspecified	Gynaecologic al	•			
C57.7	Other specified female genital organs	Gynaecologic al	•			
C57.8	Overlapping lesion of female genital organs	Gynaecologic al	•			
C57.9	Female genital organ, unspecified	Gynaecologic al	•			
C58	Malignant neoplasm of placenta	Gynaecologic al	•			
C60.0	Prepuce	Urological	•			* Urology and Skin Datasets to be collected where applicable.

ICD-10 4th			Expected D	ataset to be c	ollected	
Edition All C Codes are Malignant Neoplasms	Description	Cancer Waiting Times Site specific group	Core and Site Specific Dataset	Core Dataset	Path Only	Comment
C60.1	Glans penis	Urological	•			* Urology and Skin Datasets to be collected where applicable.
C60.2	Body of penis	Urological	•			* Urology and Skin Datasets to be collected where applicable.
C60.8	Overlapping lesion of penis	Urological	•			* Urology and Skin Datasets to be collected where applicable.
C60.9	Penis, unspecified	Urological	•			* Urology and Skin Datasets to be collected where applicable.
C61	Malignant neoplasm of prostate	Urological	•			
C62.0	Undescended testis	Urological	•			
C62.1	Descended testis	Urological	•			
C62.9	Testis, unspecified	Urological	•			
C63.0	Epididymis	Urological	•			
C63.1	Spermatic cord	Urological	•			
C63.2	Scrotum	Urological		•		
C63.7	Other specified male genital organs	Urological	•			
C63.8	Overlapping lesion of male genital organs	Urological	•			
C63.9	Male genital organ, unspecified	Urological	•			
C64	Malignant neoplasm of kidney, except renal pelvis	Urological	•			

ICD-10 4th			Expected D	ataset to be c	ollected	
Edition All C Codes are Malignant Neoplasms	Description	Cancer Waiting Times Site specific group	Core and Site Specific Dataset	Core Dataset	Path Only	Comment
C65	Malignant neoplasm of renal pelvis	Urological	•			
C66	Malignant neoplasm of ureter	Urological	•			
C67.0	Trigone of bladder	Urological	•			
C67.1	Dome of bladder	Urological	•			
C67.2	Lateral wall of bladder	Urological	●			
C67.3	Anterior wall of bladder	Urological	•			
C67.4	Posterior wall of bladder	Urological	•			
C67.5	Bladder neck	Urological	•			
C67.6	Ureteric orifice	Urological	•			
C67.7	Urachus	Urological	•			
C67.8	Overlapping lesion of bladder	Urological	•			
C67.9	Bladder, unspecified	Urological	•			
C68.0	Urethra	Urological	•			
C68.1	Paraurethral glands	Urological	٠			
C68.8	Overlapping lesion of urinary organs	Urological	•			
C68.9	Urinary organ, unspecified	Urological	•			
C69.0	Conjunctiva	Brain/Central Nervous System		•		Not normally treated by CNS MDT.
C69.1	Cornea	Brain/Central Nervous System		•		Not normally treated by CNS MDT.
C69.2	Retina	Brain/Central Nervous System		•		Not normally treated by CNS MDT.
C69.3	Choroid	Brain/Central Nervous System		•		Not normally treated by CNS MDT.
C69.4	Ciliary body	Brain/Central Nervous System		•		Not normally treated by CNS MDT.

ICD-10 4th			Expected D	ataset to be c	ollected	
Edition All C Codes are Malignant Neoplasms	Description	Cancer Waiting Times Site specific group	Core and Site Specific Dataset	Core Dataset	Path Only	Comment
C69.5	Lachrymal gland and duct	Brain/Central Nervous System		•		Not normally treated by CNS MDT.
C69.6	Orbit	Brain/Central Nervous System		•		Not normally treated by CNS MDT. Maybe treated by Sarcoma MDT.
C69.8	Overlapping lesion of eye and adnexa	Brain/Central Nervous System		•		Not normally treated by CNS MDT.
C69.9	Eye, unspecified	Brain/Central Nervous System		•		Not normally treated by CNS MDT.
C70.0	Cerebral meninges	Brain/Central Nervous System	•			
C70.1	Spinal meninges	Brain/Central Nervous System	•			
C70.9	Meninges, unspecified	Brain/Central Nervous System	•			
C71.0	Cerebrum, except lobes and ventricles	Brain/Central Nervous System	•			
C71.1	Frontal lobe	Brain/Central Nervous System	•			
C71.2	Temporal lobe	Brain/Central Nervous System	•			
C71.3	Parietal lobe	Brain/Central Nervous System	•			
C71.4	Occipital lobe	Brain/Central Nervous System	•			
C71.5	Cerebral ventricle	Brain/Central Nervous System	•			

ICD-10 4th			Expected D	ataset to be c	ollected	
Edition All C Codes are Malignant Neoplasms	Description	Cancer Waiting Times Site specific group	Core and Site Specific Dataset	Core Dataset	Path Only	Comment
C71.6	Cerebellum	Brain/Central Nervous System	(●) (*)			CTYA dataset collected for Medulloblas toma patients under 25.
C71.7	Brain stem	Brain/Central Nervous System	•			
C71.8	Overlapping lesion of brain	Brain/Central Nervous System	•			
C71.9	Brain, unspecified	Brain/Central Nervous System	•			
C72.0	Spinal cord	Brain/Central Nervous System	•			
C72.1	Cauda equina	Brain/Central Nervous System	•			
C72.2	Olfactory nerve	Brain/Central Nervous System	•			
C72.3	Optic nerve	Brain/Central Nervous System	•			
C72.4	Acoustic nerve	Brain/Central Nervous System	•			
C72.5	Other and unspecified cranial nerves	Brain/Central Nervous System	•			
C72.8	Overlapping lesion of brain and other parts of central nervous system	Brain/Central Nervous System	•			
C72.9	Central nervous system, unspecified	Brain/Central Nervous System	•			
C73	Malignant neoplasm of thyroid gland	Head and Neck		•		
C74.0	Cortex of adrenal gland	Other		•		

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ICD-10 4th			Expected D	ataset to be c	ollected	
Edition All C Codes are Malignant Neoplasms	Description	Cancer Waiting Times Site specific group	Core and Site Specific Dataset	Core Dataset	Path Only	Comment
C74.1	Medulla of adrenal gland	Other		٠		
C74.9	Adrenal gland, unspecified	Other		•		
C75.0	Parathyroid gland	Other		٠		
C75.1	Pituitary gland	Other	*			Usually treated by CNS MDT.
C75.2	Craniopharyngeal duct	Other	*			Usually treated by CNS MDT.
C75.3	Pineal gland	Other	*			Usually treated by CNS MDT.
C75.4	Carotid body	Other		•		
C75.5	Aortic body and other paraganglia	Other		٠		
C75.8	Pluriglandular involvement, unspecified	Other		•		
C75.9	Endocrine gland, unspecified	Other		٠		
C76.0	Head, face and neck	Other		•		Other and ill defined - use only if unable to code to specific primary site
C76.1	Thorax	Other		•		Other and ill defined - use only if unable to code to specific primary site
C76.2	Abdomen	Other		•		Other and ill defined - use only if unable to code to specific primary site

ICD-10 4th			Expected D	ataset to be c	ollected	
Edition All C Codes are Malignant Neoplasms	Description	Cancer Waiting Times Site specific group	Core and Site Specific Dataset	Core Dataset	Path Only	Comment
C76.3	Pelvis	Other		•		Other and ill defined - use only if unable to code to specific primary site
C76.4	Upper limb	Other		•		Other and ill defined - use only if unable to code to specific primary site
C76.5	Lower limb	Other		•		Other and ill defined - use only if unable to code to specific primary site
C76.7	Other ill-defined sites	Other		•		Other and ill defined - use only if unable to code to specific primary site
C76.8	Overlapping lesion of other and ill- defined sites	Other		•		Other and ill defined - use only if unable to code to specific primary site
C77.0	Lymph nodes of head, face and neck	Head and Neck	•			Secondary - only use if unable to code to specific primary site
C77.1	Intrathoracic lymph nodes	Other		•		Secondary - only use if unable to code to specific primary site

ICD-10 4th			Expected D)ataset to be c	ollected	
Edition All C Codes are Malignant Neoplasms	Description	Cancer Waiting Times Site specific group	Core and Site Specific Dataset	Core Dataset	Path Only	Comment
C77.2	Intra-abdominal lymph nodes	Other		•		Secondary - only use if unable to code to specific primary site
C77.3	Axillary and upper limb lymph nodes	Other		•		Secondary - only use if unable to code to specific primary site
C77.4	Inguinal and lower limb lymph nodes	Other		•		Secondary - only use if unable to code to specific primary site
C77.5	Intrapelvic lymph nodes	Other		•		Secondary - only use if unable to code to specific primary site
C77.8	Lymph nodes of multiple regions	Other		•		Secondary - only use if unable to code to specific primary site
C77.9	Lymph node, unspecified	Other		•		Secondary - only use if unable to code to specific primary site
C78.0	Secondary malignant neoplasm of lung	Lung		•		Normally treated by MDT of site of primary tumour. Only use if unable to code to specific primary site.

ICD-10 4th			Expected D	ataset to be c	ollected	
Edition All C Codes are Malignant Neoplasms	Description	Cancer Waiting Times Site specific group	Core and Site Specific Dataset	Core Dataset	Path Only	Comment
C78.1	Secondary malignant neoplasm of mediastinum	Lung		•		Normally treated by MDT of site of primary tumour. Only use if unable to code to specific primary site.
C78.2	Secondary malignant neoplasm of pleura	Lung		•		Normally treated by MDT of site of primary tumour. Only use if unable to code to specific primary site.
C78.3	Secondary malignant neoplasm of other and unspecified respiratory organs	Lung		•		Normally treated by MDT of site of primary tumour. Only use if unable to code to specific primary site.
C78.4	Secondary malignant neoplasm of small intestine	Colorectal		•		Normally treated by MDT of site of primary tumour. Only use if unable to code to specific primary site.

ICD-10 4th			Expected D	ataset to be c	ollected	
Edition All C Codes are Malignant Neoplasms	Description	Cancer Waiting Times Site specific group	Core and Site Specific Dataset	Core Dataset	Path Only	Comment
C78.5	Secondary malignant neoplasm of large intestine and rectum	Colorectal		•		Normally treated by MDT of site of primary tumour. Only use if unable to code to specific primary site.
C78.6	Secondary malignant neoplasm of retroperitoneum and peritoneum	Sarcoma		•		Normally treated by MDT of site of primary tumour. Only use if unable to code to specific primary site.
C78.7	Secondary malignant neoplasm of liver and intrahepatic bile duct	Upper Gastrointestin al		•		Normally treated by MDT of site of primary tumour. Only use if unable to code to specific primary site.
C78.8	Secondary malignant neoplasm of other and unspecified digestive organs	Colorectal		•		Normally treated by MDT of site of primary tumour. Only use if unable to code to specific primary site.

ICD-10 4th			Expected D	ataset to be c	ollected	
Edition All C Codes are Malignant Neoplasms	Description	Cancer Waiting Times Site specific group	Core and Site Specific Dataset	Core Dataset	Path Only	Comment
C79.0	Secondary malignant neoplasm of kidney and renal pelvis	Urological		•		Normally treated by MDT of site of primary tumour. Only use if unable to code to specific primary site.
C79.1	Secondary malignant neoplasm of bladder and other and unspecified urinary organs	Urological		•		Normally treated by MDT of site of primary tumour. Only use if unable to code to specific primary site.
C79.2	Secondary malignant neoplasm of skin	Skin		•		Normally treated by MDT of site of primary tumour. Only use if unable to code to specific primary site.
C79.3	Secondary malignant neoplasm of brain and cerebral meninges	Brain/Central Nervous System		•		Normally treated by MDT of site of primary tumour. Only use if unable to code to specific primary site.

ICD-10 4th			Expected D	ataset to be c	ollected	
Edition All C Codes are Malignant Neoplasms	Description	Cancer Waiting Times Site specific group	Core and Site Specific Dataset	Core Dataset	Path Only	Comment
C79.4	Secondary malignant neoplasm of other and unspecified parts of nervous system	Brain/Central Nervous System		•		Normally treated by MDT of site of primary tumour. Only use if unable to code to specific primary site.
C79.5	Secondary malignant neoplasm of bone and bone marrow	Sarcoma		•		Normally treated by MDT of site of primary tumour. Only use if unable to code to specific primary site.
C79.6	Secondary malignant neoplasm of ovary	Gynaecologic al		•		Normally treated by MDT of site of primary tumour. Only use if unable to code to specific primary site.
C79.7	Secondary malignant neoplasm of adrenal gland	Other		•		Normally treated by MDT of site of primary tumour. Only use if unable to code to specific primary site.

ICD-10 4th			Expected D	Dataset to be c	ollected	
Edition						
All C Codes			Core and			
are Malignant		Cancer Waiting Times Site	Site Specific	Core	Path	
Neoplasms	Description	specific group	Dataset	Dataset	Only	Comment
C79.8	Secondary malignant neoplasm of other specified sites	Other		•		Normally treated by MDT of site of primary tumour. Only use if unable to code to specific primary site.
C79.9	Secondary malignant neoplasm, unspecified site	Other		•		Normally treated by MDT of site of primary tumour. Only use if unable to code to specific primary site.
C80.0	Malignant neoplasm, primary site unknown, so stated	Other		•		Only use if unable to code to specific primary site.
C80.9	Malignant neoplasm, unspecified	Other		•		Only use if unable to code to specific primary site.
C81.0	Nodular lymphocyte predominant Hodgkin lymphoma	Haematologic al	Guide (Sec what is req		informati ubmitted	COSD User on regarding for these
C81.1	Nodular sclerosis classical Hodgkin lymphoma	Haematologic al				
C81.2	Mixed cellularity classical Hodgkin lymphoma	Haematologic al				
C81.3	Lymphocytic depleted classical Hodgkin lymphoma	Haematologic al				

ICD-10 4th			Expected D	ataset to be c	ollected	
Edition All C Codes are Malignant		Cancer Waiting Times Site	Core and Site Specific	Core	Path	
Neoplasms	Description	specific group	Dataset	Dataset	Only	Comment
C81.4	Lymphocyte-rich classical Hodgkin lymphoma	Haematologic al				
C81.7	Other classical Hodgkin Iymphoma	Haematologic al				
C81.9	Hodgkin lymphoma, unspecified	Haematologic al				
C82.0	Follicular lymphoma grade i	Haematologic al				
C82.1	Follicular lymphoma grade ii	Haematologic al				
C82.2	Follicular lymphoma grade iii, unspecified	Haematologic al				
C82.3	Follicular Iymphoma grade iiia	Haematologic al				
C82.4	Follicular Iymphoma grade iiib	Haematologic al				
C82.5	Diffuse follicle centre lymphoma	Haematologic al				
C82.6	Cutaneous follicle centre lymphoma	Haematologic al				
C82.7	Other types of follicular lymphoma	Haematologic al				
C82.9	Follicular lymphoma, unspecified	Haematologic al				
C83.0	Small cell B-cell lymphoma	Haematologic al				
C83.1	Mantle cell lymphoma	Haematologic al				
C83.3	Diffuse large B-cell lymphoma	Haematologic al				
C83.5	Lymphoblastic (diffuse) lymphoma	Haematologic al				
C83.7	Burkitt lymphoma	Haematologic al				
C83.8	Other non-follicular lymphoma	Haematologic al				
C83.9	Non-follicular (diffuse) lymphoma, unspecified	Haematologic al				

ICD-10 4th		Expected Dataset to be collected					
Edition All C Codes are Malignant Neoplasms	Description	Cancer Waiting Times Site specific group	Core and Site Specific Dataset	Core Dataset	Path Only	Comment	
C84.0	Mycosis fungoides	Haematologic al					
C84.1	Sezéry disease	Haematologic al					
C84.4	Peripheral T-cell lymphoma, not elsewhere classified	Haematologic al					
C84.5	Other mature T/NK-cell Iymphomas	Haematologic al					
C84.6	Anaplastic large cell lymphoma, ALK-positive	Haematologic al					
C84.7	Anaplastic large cell lymphoma, ALK-negative	Haematologic al					
C84.8	Cutaneous T-cell lymphoma, unspecified	Haematologic al					
C84.9	Mature T/NK-cell lymphoma, unspecified	Haematologic al					
C85.1	B-cell lymphoma, unspecified	Haematologic al					
C85.2	Mediastinal (thymic) large B- cell lymphoma	Haematologic al					
C85.7	Other specified types of non- Hodgkin lymphoma	Haematologic al					
C85.9	Non-Hodgkin lymphoma, unspecified	Haematologic al					
C86.0	Extranodal NK/T- cell lymphoma, nasal type	Haematologic al					
C86.1	Hepatosplenic T- cell lymphoma	Haematologic al					
C86.2	Enteropathy-type (intestinal) T-cell lymphoma	Haematologic al					
C86.3	Subcutaneous panniculitis-like T- cell lymphoma	Haematologic al					
C86.4	Blastic N/K-cell lymphoma	Haematologic al					

ICD-10 4th	Expected Dataset to be collected					
Edition All C Codes are Malignant Neoplasms	Description	Cancer Waiting Times Site specific group	Core and Site Specific Dataset	Core Dataset	Path Only	Comment
C86.5	Angioimmunoblasti c T-cell lymphoma	Haematologic al				
C86.6	Primary cutaneous CD30-positive T- cell proliferations	Haematologic al				
C88.0	Waldenström macroglobulinaemi a	Haematologic al				
C88.2	Other heavy chain disease	Haematologic al				
C88.3	Immunoproliferativ e small intestinal disease	Haematologic al				
C88.4	Extranodal marginal zone B- cell lymphoma of mucosa associated lymphoid tissue (MALT-lymphoma)	Haematologic al				
C88.7	Other malignant immunoproliferativ e diseases	Haematologic al				
C88.9	Malignant immunoproliferativ e disease, unspecified	Haematologic al				
C90.0	Multiple myeloma	Haematologic al				
C90.1	Plasma cell leukaemia	Haematologic al				
C90.2	Extramedullary plasmacytoma	Haematologic al				
C90.3	Solitary plasmacytoma	Haematologic al				
C91.0	Acute Iymphoblastic Ieukaemia [ALL]	Haematologic al				
C91.1	Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia of B-cell type	Haematologic al				
C91.3	Prolymphocytic leukaemia of B-cell type	Haematologic al				
C91.4	Hairy-cell leukaemia	Haematologic al				

ICD-10 4th			Expected D	ataset to be c	ollected	
Edition						
All C Codes are Malignant Neoplasms	Description	Cancer Waiting Times Site specific group	Core and Site Specific Dataset	Core Dataset	Path Only	Comment
C91.5	Adult T-cell	Haematologic	Dalasel	DalaSel	Only	Comment
	lymphoma/leukae mia (HTLV-1- associated)	al				
C91.6	Prolymphocytic leukaemia of T-cell type	Haematologic al				
C91.7	Other lymphoid leukaemia	Haematologic al				
C91.8	Mature B-cell leukaemia Burkitt- type	Haematologic al				
C91.9	Lymphoid leukaemia, unspecified	Haematologic al				
C92.0	Acute myeloid leukaemia [AML]	Haematologic al				
C92.1	Chronic myeloid leukaemia [CML], BCR/ABL-positive	Haematologic al				
C92.2	Atypical chronic myeloid leukaemia, BCR/ABL-negative	Haematologic al				
C92.3	Myeloid sarcoma	Haematologic al				
C92.4	Acute promyelocytic leukaemia [PML]	Haematologic al				
C92.5	Acute myelomonocytic leukaemia	Haematologic al				
C92.6	Acute myeloid leukaemia with 11q23-abnormality	Haematologic al				
C92.7	Other myeloid leukaemia	Haematologic al				
C92.8	Acute myeloid leukaemia with multilineage dysplasia	Haematologic al				
C92.9	Myeloid leukaemia, unspecified	Haematologic al				
C93.0	Acute monoblastic/mono cytic leukaemia	Haematologic al				

ICD-10 4th			ataset to be c			
Edition All C Codes are Malignant Neoplasms	Description	Cancer Waiting Times Site specific group	Core and Site Specific Dataset	Core Dataset	Path Only	Comment
C93.1	Chronic	Haematologic	Dataset	DataSet	Olly	ooninent
	myelomonocytic leukaemia	al				
C93.3	Juvenile myelomonocytic leukaemia	Haematologic al				
C93.7	Other monocytic leukaemia	Haematologic al				
C93.9	Monocytic leukaemia, unspecified	Haematologic al				
C94.0	Acute erythroid leukaemia	Haematologic al				
C94.2	Acute megakaryoblastic leukaemia	Haematologic al				
C94.3	Mast cell leukaemia	Haematologic al				
C94.4	Acute panmyelosis with myelofibrosis	Haematologic al				
C94.6	Myelodysplastic and myeloproliferative disease, not elsewhere classified	Haematologic al				
C94.7	Other specified leukaemias	Haematologic al				
C95.0	Acute leukaemia of unspecified cell type					
C95.1	Chronic leukaemia of unspecified cell type	Haematologic al				
C95.7	Other leukaemia of unspecified cell type	Haematologic al				
C95.9	Leukaemia, unspecified	Haematologic al				
C96.0	Multifocal and multisystemic (disseminated) Langerhans-cell histiocytosis [Letterer-Siwe disease]	Haematologic al				
C96.2	Malignant mast cell tumour	Haematologic al				

ICD-10 4th			Expected D	ataset to be c	ollected	
Edition All C Codes are Malignant Neoplasms	Description	Cancer Waiting Times Site specific group	Core and Site Specific Dataset	Core Dataset	Path Only	Comment
C96.4	Sarcoma of dendritic cells (accessory cells)	Haematologic al				
C96.5	Multifocal and unisystemic (disseminated) Langerhans-cell histiocytosis	Haematologic al				
C96.6	Unifocal Langerhans-cell histiocytosis	Haematologic al				
C96.7	Other specified malignant neoplasms of lymphoid, haematopoietic and related tissue	Haematologic al				
C96.8	Histiocytic sarcoma	Haematologic al				
C96.9	Malignant neoplasms of lymphoid, haematopoietic and related tissue, unspecified	Haematologic al				
C97	Malignant neoplasms of independent (primary) multiple sites	Other		•		
D05.0	Lobular carcinoma in situ	Breast	•			
D05.1	Intraductal carcinoma in situ	Breast	•			
D05.7	Other carcinoma in situ of breast	Breast	•			
D05.9	Carcinoma in situ of breast, unspecified	Breast	•			

Appendix C – Mandatory Registerable Conditions

MANDATORY REGISTERABLE CONDITIONS

Further details to be provided regarding applicable data fields for each disease. These are additional Cancer Registration i.e. NCRAS mandatory registerable conditions

Notes:

- The following table lists all the registerable diseases by ICD10 code, together with the expected dataset to be completed and the potential stage.
- This table provides general guidelines only as not all permutations can be covered and there will always be exceptions. Local clinical input is essential to identify and complete the appropriate stage.
- Further guidance is available from your local cancer registration service office.

ICD-10 4th	ICD-10 4th Expected Dataset to be c			be collected		
Edition All C Codes are Malignant Neoplasms	Description	Cancer Waiting Times Site specific group	Core and Site Specific Dataset	Core Dataset	Path Only	Comment
C00.0 -		lignant neoplasms (See Apper	ndix B for	full list)	
C97		•				
D00.0	Carcinoma in situ of Lip, oral cavity and pharynx	Head and Neck			•	
D00.1	Carcinoma in situ of Oesophagus	Upper Gastrointestinal			•	
D00.2	Carcinoma in situ of Stomach	Upper Gastrointestinal			•	
D01.0	Carcinoma in situ of Colon	Colorectal			•	
D01.1	Carcinoma in situ of Rectosigmoid junction	Colorectal			•	
D01.2	Carcinoma in situ of Rectum	Colorectal			•	
D01.3	Carcinoma in situ of Anus and anal canal	Colorectal			•	
D01.4	Carcinoma in situ of Anus and anal canal	Colorectal			•	
D01.5	Carcinoma in situ of Liver, gallbladder and bile ducts	Upper Gastrointestinal			•	
D01.7	Other specified digestive organs	Colorectal			•	
D01.9	Carcinoma in situ of Digestive organ, unspecified	Colorectal			•	
D02.0	Carcinoma in situ of Larynx	Head and Neck			•	

ICD-10 4th			Expected	Dataset to	be collected	
Edition All C Codes are Malignant Neoplasms	Description	Cancer Waiting Times Site specific group	Core and Site Specific Dataset	Core Dataset	Path Only	Comment
D02.1	Carcinoma in situ of Trachea	Lung			•	
D02.2	Carcinoma in situ of Bronchus and lung	Lung			•	
D02.3	Carcinoma in situ of Other parts of respiratory system	Lung			•	
D02.4	Carcinoma in situ of Respiratory system, unspecified	Lung			•	
D03.0	Melanoma in situ of lip	Skin		•		
D03.1	Melanoma in situ of eyelid, including canthus	Skin		•		
D03.2	Melanoma in situ, of ear and external auricular canal	Skin		•		
D03.3	Melanoma in situ of other and unspecified parts of face	Skin		•		
D03.4	Melanoma in situ of scalp and neck	Skin		•		
D03.5	Melanoma in situ of trunk	Skin		•		
D03.6	Melanoma in situ of upper limb, including shoulder	Skin		•		
D03.7	Melanoma in situ of lower limb, including hip	Skin		•		
D03.8	Melanoma in situ of other sites	Other			•	
D03.9	Melanoma in situ, unspecified	Skin		•		
D04.0	Carcinoma in situ of skin of lip	Skin			٠	
D04.1	Carcinoma in situ of skin of eyelid, including canthus	Skin			•	
D04.2	Carcinoma in situ of skin of ear and external auricular canal	Skin			•	

ICD-10 4th			Expected	Expected Dataset to be collected		
Edition All C Codes are Malignant Neoplasms	Description	Cancer Waiting Times Site specific group	Core and Site Specific Dataset	Core Dataset	Path Only	Comment
D04.3	Carcinoma in situ of skin of other and unspecified parts of face	Skin			•	
D04.4	Carcinoma in situ of skin of scalp and neck	Skin			•	
D04.5	Carcinoma in situ of skin of trunk	Skin			•	
D04.6	Carcinoma in situ of skin of upper limb, including shoulder	Skin			•	
D04.7	Carcinoma in situ of skin of lower limb, including hip	Skin			•	
D04.8	Carcinoma in situ of skin of other sites	Skin			•	
D04.9	Carcinoma in situ of skin, unspecified	Skin			•	
D05.0	Lobular carcinoma in situ	Breast	•			
D05.1	Intraductal carcinoma in situ	Breast	•			
D05.7	Other carcinoma in situ of breast	Breast	•			
D05.9	Carcinoma in situ of breast, unspecified	Breast	•			
D06.0	carcinoma in situ of endocervix	Gynaecological			•	
D06.1	carcinoma in situ of exocervix	Gynaecological			•	
D06.7	carcinoma in situ of other parts of cervix	Gynaecological			•	
D06.9	carcinoma in situ of cervix, unspecified	Gynaecological			•	
D07.0	carcinoma in situ of endometrium	Gynaecological			•	
D07.1	carcinoma in situ of vulva	Gynaecological			•	
D07.2	carcinoma in situ of vagina	Gynaecological			٠	

ICD-10 4th						
Edition All C Codes are Malignant Neoplasms	Description	Cancer Waiting Times Site specific group	Core and Site Specific Dataset	Core Dataset	Path Only	Comment
D07.3	carcinoma in situ of other and unspecified female genital organs	Gynaecological			•	
D07.4	carcinoma in situ of penis	Urological			•	
D07.5	carcinoma in situ of prostate	Urological			•	
D07.6	carcinoma in situ of other and unspecified male genital organs	Urological			•	
D09.0	Carcinoma in situ of Bladder	Urological	•			
D09.1	carcinoma in situ of other and unspecified urinary organs	Urological			٠	
D09.2	carcinoma in situ of eye	Other			٠	
D09.3	carcinoma in situ of thyroid and other endocrine glands	Head and Neck			•	
D09.7	carcinoma in situ of other specified sites	Other			•	
D09.9	carcinoma in situ, unspecified	Other			•	
D32.0	benign neoplasm of cerebral meninges	Brain/Central Nervous System	•			
D32.1	benign neoplasm of spinal meninges	Brain/Central Nervous System	•			
D32.9	benign neoplasm of meninges, unspecified	Brain/Central Nervous System	•			
D33.0	Benign neoplasm of brain, supratentorial	Brain/Central Nervous System	•			
D33.1	Benign neoplasm of brain, infratentorial	Brain/Central Nervous System	•			
D33.2	Benign neoplasm of brain, unspecified	Brain/Central Nervous System	•			
D33.3	Benign neoplasm of cranial nerves	Brain/Central Nervous System	•			

ICD-10 4th			Expected	Dataset to	be collected	
Edition All C Codes are Malignant Neoplasms	Description	Cancer Waiting Times Site specific group	Core and Site Specific Dataset	Core Dataset	Path Only	Comment
D33.4	Benign neoplasm of spinal cord	Brain/Central Nervous System	•			
D33.7	Benign neoplasm of other specified parts of central nervous system	Brain/Central Nervous System	•			
D33.9	Benign neoplasm of central nervous system, unspecified	Brain/Central Nervous System	•			
D35.2	Benign neoplasm of Pituitary gland	Brain/Central Nervous System	•			
D35.3	Benign neoplasm of Craniopharyngeal duct	Other	•			Usually classified as CNS
D35.4	Benign neoplasm of Pineal gland	Brain/Central Nervous System	•			
D37.0	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour of lip, oral cavity and pharynx	Head and Neck			•	
D37.1	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour of Stomach	Upper Gastrointestinal			•	
D37.2	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour of Small intestine	Upper Gastrointestinal			•	
D37.3	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour of Appendix	Colorectal			•	
D37.4	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour of Colon	Colorectal			•	
D37.5	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour of Rectum	Colorectal			•	

ICD-10 4th			Expected	Dataset to	be collected	
Edition All C Codes are Malignant Neoplasms	Description	Cancer Waiting Times Site specific group	Core and Site Specific Dataset	Core Dataset	Path Only	Comment
D37.6	Liver, gallbladder and bile ducts	Upper Gastrointestinal			•	
D37.7	Other digestive organs	Colorectal/Upper Gastrointestinal			٠	
D37.9	Digestive organ, unspecified	Colorectal/Upper Gastrointestinal			•	
D38.0	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour of Larynx	Head and Neck			•	
D38.1	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour of Trachea, bronchus and lung	Lung			•	
D38.2	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour of Pleura	Lung			•	
D38.3	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour of Mediastinum	Lung			•	
D38.4	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour of Thymus	Lung			•	
D38.5	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour of Other respiratory organs	Lung			•	
D38.6	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour of Respiratory organ, unspecified	Lung			•	
D39.0	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour of Uterus	Gynaecological			•	

ICD-10 4th			Expected	Dataset to	be collected	
Edition All C Codes are Malignant Neoplasms	Description	Cancer Waiting Times Site specific group	Core and Site Specific Dataset	Core Dataset	Path Only	Comment
D39.1	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour of Ovary	Gynaecological			•	
D39.2	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour of Placenta	Gynaecological			•	
D39.7	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour of Other female genital organs	Gynaecological			•	
D39.9	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour of Female genital organ, unspecified	Gynaecological			•	
D40.0	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour of prostate	Urological			•	
D40.1	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour of testis	Urological			•	
D40.7	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour of other male genital organs	Urological			•	
D40.9	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour of male genital organs, unspecified	Urological			•	
D41.0	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour of kidney	Urological			•	

ICD-10 4th			Expected	Dataset to	be collected	
Edition All C Codes are Malignant Neoplasms	Description	Cancer Waiting Times Site specific group	Core and Site Specific Dataset	Core Dataset	Path Only	Comment
D41.1	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour of renal pelvis	Urological	•		, in the second s	
D41.2	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour of ureter	Urological	•			
D41.3	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour of urethra	Urological	•			
D41.4	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour of bladder	Urological	•			
D41.7	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour of other urinary organs	Urological			•	
D41.9	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour of urinary organs, unspecified	Urological			•	
D42.0	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour of cerebral meninges	Brain/Central Nervous System	•			
D42.1	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour of spinal meninges	Brain/Central Nervous System	•			
D42.9	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour of meninges, unspecified	Brain/Central Nervous System	•			

ICD-10 4th			Expected	Dataset to	be collected	
Edition All C Codes are Malignant Neoplasms	Description	Cancer Waiting Times Site specific group	Core and Site Specific Dataset	Core Dataset	Path Only	Comment
D43.0	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour of brain, supratentorial	Brain/Central Nervous System	•			
D43.1	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour of brain, infratentorial	Brain/Central Nervous System	•			
D43.2	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour of brain, unspecified	Brain/Central Nervous System	•			
D43.3	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour of cranial nerves	Brain/Central Nervous System	•			
D43.4	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour of spinal cord	Brain/Central Nervous System	•			
D43.7	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour of other parts of central nervous system	Brain/Central Nervous System	•			
D43.9	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour of central nervous system, unspecified	Brain/Central Nervous System	•			
D44.0	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour of thyroid gland	Head and Neck			•	
D44.1	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour of adrenal gland	Other			•	

ICD-10 4th			Expected	Dataset to	o be collected	
Edition All C Codes are Malignant		Cancer Waiting Times Site specific	Core and Site Specific	Core		
Neoplasms	Description	group	Dataset	Dataset	Path Only	Comment
D44.2	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour of parathyroid gland	Other			•	
D44.3	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour of pituitary gland	Brain/Central Nervous System	•			
D44.4	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour of Craniopharyngeal duct	Brain/Central Nervous System	•			
D44 .5	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour of pineal gland	Brain/Central Nervous System	•			
D44 .6	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour of carotid body	Other			•	
D44 .7	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour of aortic body and other paraganglia body	Other			•	
D44 .8	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour of pluriglandular involvement	Other			•	
D44 .9	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour of endocrine gland, unspecified	Other			•	
D45	Polycythaemia vera	Haematological			logy chapter tion 7.2) for ir	

ICD-10 4th			Expected	Dataset to	be collected	
Edition						
All C			Core and			
Codes are		Cancer Waiting	Site			
Malignant		Times Site specific	Specific	Core		0
Neoplasms	Description	group	Dataset	Dataset	Path Only	Comment
D46.0	Refractory anaemia without	Haematological			required to t ology diseas	
	ringed				ology uiseas	63.
	sideroblasts, so					
	stated					
D46.1	Refractory	Haematological				
	anaemia with	-				
	ringed sideroblasts		_			
D46.2	Refractory	Haematological				
	anaemia with					
D46.4	excess of blasts	Haematological				
D40.4	Refractory anaemia,	паеттаююуса				
	unspecified					
D46.5	Refractory	Haematological				
	anaemia with	0				
	multi-lineage					
	dysplasia		_			
D46.6	Myelodysplastic	Haematological				
	syndrome with					
	isolated del(5q) chromosomal					
	abnormality					
D46.7	Other	Haematological				
	myelodysplastic	0				
	syndromes					
D46.9	Myelodysplastic	Haematological				
	syndrome,					
D47.0	unspecified	Hoomotological	-			
D47.0	Histiocytic and mast cell tumours	Haematological				
	of uncertain and					
	unknown					
	behaviour					
D47.1	Chronic	Haematological				
	myeloproliferative					
D 47.0	disease		-			
D47.3	Essential (haemorrhagic)	Haematological				
	thrombocythaemia					
D47.4	Osteomyelofibrosis	Haematological	1			
D47.5	Chronic	Haematological	1			
	eosinophilic					
	leukaemia					
	(hypereosinophilic					
	syndrome)					

ICD-10 4th			Expected	Dataset to	be collected	
Edition All C Codes are Malignant Neoplasms	Description	Cancer Waiting Times Site specific group	Core and Site Specific Dataset	Core Dataset	Path Only	Comment
D47.7	Other specified neoplasms of uncertain or unknown behaviour of lymphoid, haematopoietic and related tissue	Haematological				
D47.9	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour of lymphoid, haematopoietic and related tissue, unspecified	Haematological				
D48.0	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour of Bone and articular cartilage	Sarcoma			•	
D48.1	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour of Connective and other soft tissue	Sarcoma			•	Only applicable for GISTs
D48.2	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour of Peripheral nerves and autonomic nervous system	Other			•	
D48.3	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour of Retroperitoneum	Other			•	
D48.4	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour of Peritoneum	Other			•	
D48.5	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour of Skin	Skin			•	

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ICD-10 4th			Expected Dataset to be collected			
Edition All C Codes are Malignant Neoplasms	Description	Cancer Waiting Times Site specific group	Core and Site Specific Dataset	Core Dataset	Path Only	Comment
D48.6	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour of Breast	Breast			•	
D48.7	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour of Other specified sites	Other			•	
D48.9	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour unspecified	Other			•	
E85.9 ¹¹	Amyloidosis, unspecified	Haematology	See the Haematology chapter of COSD User Guide (Section 7.2) for information regarding what is required to be submitted for these Haematology diseases.			

¹¹ Although Primary amyloidosis (E85.9) is listed as an E ICD code in the World Health Organisation (WHO) disease classification, amongst clinicians it is widely acknowledged and subsequently treated as a cancer, receiving Chemotherapy in cases. Whilst we await the WHO disease classification being updated to reflect this fact, it's inclusion as a registerable condition requiring collection via the COSD has been agreed with the National Cancer Registration Service of Public Health England.