

Implementing the Cancer Taskforce Report

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Background to the taskforce

HILITIC LA CONTRACTOR



Independent Cancer Taskforce

- The NHS Five Year Forward View (FYFV) presents a vision for improving health, including for all those diagnosed with cancer:
 - better prevention
 - swifter diagnosis
 - better treatment, care and aftercare
- Taskforce established in January 2015 to produce a new fiveyear national cancer strategy for England, delivering this vision
- Taskforce recommended that this strategy is adopted by the FYFV Board: Care Quality Commission, Health Education England, Monitor, NHS England, NICE, Public Health England, Trust Development Authority



Methodology

Independent taskforce:

 Representatives from across the cancer and health community, met monthly

Written submissions:

• 226 responses, 44% from public, 42% from organisations, 13% from professionals

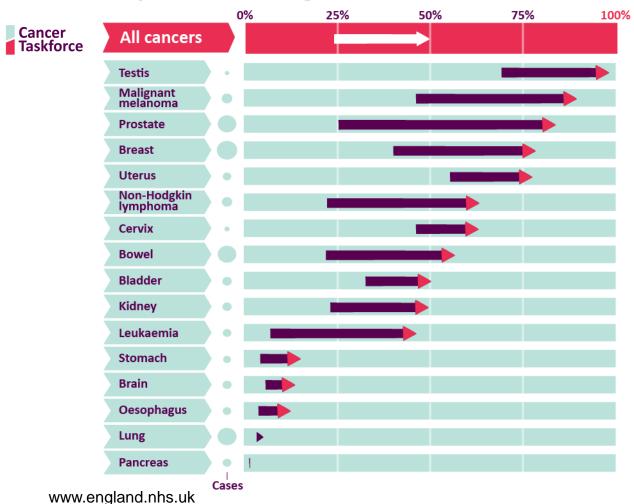
Workshops and meetings:

 Held nearly 100 meetings, involving around 600 participants, including over 100 patients and around 30 cancer charities



Current landscape: improvements in survival

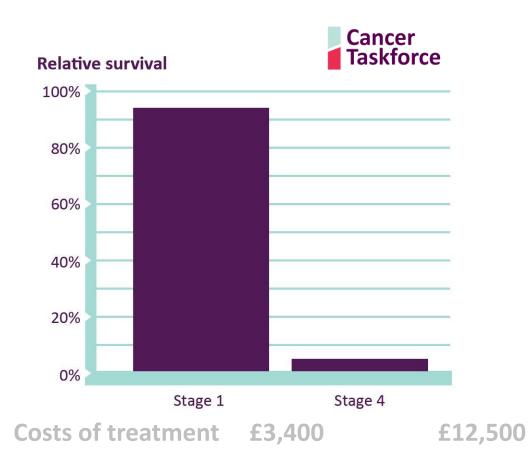
10-year survival changes, since 1971



Overall, half of people with cancer now survive 10 or more years, but progress hasn't been uniform



Earlier diagnosis



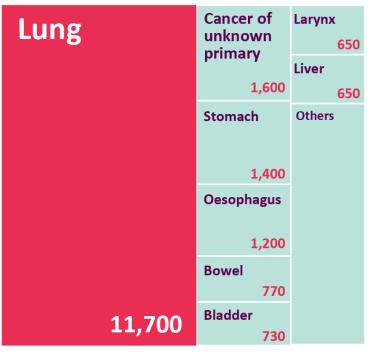
When bowel cancer is diagnosed at the earliest stage, more than 9 out of 10 people survive at least 10 years. But fewer than 1 in 10 people with bowel cancer are diagnosed at the earliest stage.

www.england.nhs.uk

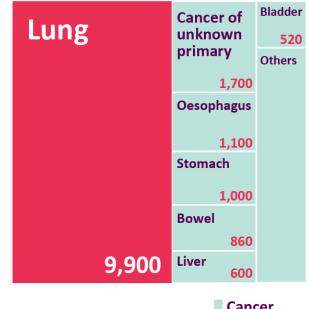


Inequalities

Avoidable cancer cases due to deprivation



Avoidable cancer deaths due to deprivation







Long-Term Conditions

With no other Cancer **Taskforce** long-term conditions (LTCs) 30% With 1 other LTC 22% With 2 other LTCs 18% With 3+ other LTCs 29%

Because the majority of cancer patients are over the age of 65 many have multiple morbidities





Ambitions and strategic priorities



Ambitions

Incidence

Discernible fall in agestandardised incidence

Adult smoking rates should fall to 13% by 2020

Survival

Increase in five and ten-year survival, with 57% of patients surviving ten years or more

Increase in one-year survival to 75%, with a reduction in CCG variation

Reduction in survival deficit for older people

Patient experience and quality of life

> Continuous improvement in patient experience with a reduction in variation

Continuous improvement in long-term quality of life



Overview: six strategic priorities

Spearhead a radical upgrade in prevention and public health

Drive a national ambition to achieve earlier diagnosis

Establish patient experience on par with clinical effectiveness and safety

Transform our approach to support people living with and beyond cancer

Make the necessary investments required to deliver a modern, high-quality service

Commissioning, accountability and provision



Prevention and public health

- A new tobacco control strategy to reduce adult smoking prevalence to less than 13% by 2020
- A plan to tackle obesity, with a strong focus on children



Earlier diagnosis

- More investigative testing, quicker
- New NICE guidelines
- New time to diagnosis or ruling out of cancer standard – four weeks from referral
- Testing new diagnostic models
- Investment to increase diagnostic capacity
- Direct GP access to key tests
- Enhanced screening programmes



Patient Experience

- Patient experience to be given equal priority to clinical outcomes
- Online access to test results and treatment records
- Access to a Clinical Nurse Specialist or other key worker
- Experience measured and results used to drive improvements in the system as part of accountability framework



Living with and beyond cancer

- Every patient should have access to recovery package interventions
- Stratified follow-up after treatment should be rolled out for breast cancer, and piloted in other tumour types
- New metric should be developed to measure quality of life



Modernising cancer services

- Fix immediate/acute workforce deficits and undertake strategic review of future cancer workforce
- Update radiotherapy machines
- Streamline access to new cancer drugs
- Implement molecular diagnostics
- Support a broad portfolio of cancer research



Commissioning, accountability and provision

- New Cancer Alliances to be set up to support commissioning, drive improvement and address variation
- Cancer dashboards of data for CCGs, providers and Alliances
- New models of provision and commissioning testing 'accountable clinical network' model. Includes
 - Testing new funding models, potentially capitated budget
 - Testing new workforce models, sharing capacity and capability across organisations
 - Testing new IT infrastructure models, digital solutions and integrated informatics systems.

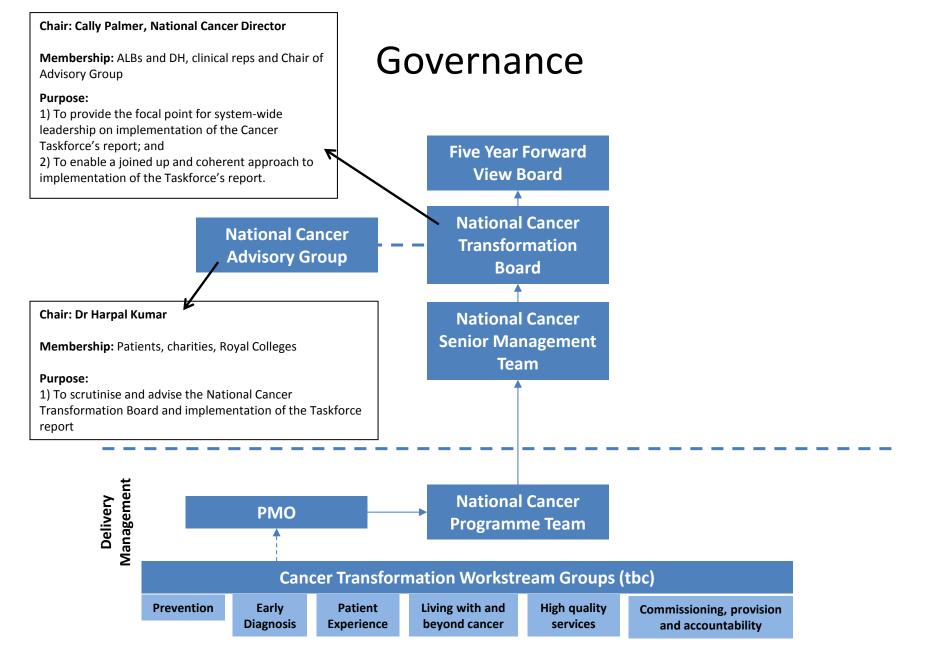


Governance



National Cancer Transformation Board

- Brings together senior representatives from across the health and care system, including from the relevant arm's-length bodies, to:
 - Provide the focal point for system-wide leadership on implementation of the Cancer Taskforce's report; and
 - Enable a joined up and coherent approach to implementation of the Taskforce's report.
- Chaired by Cally Palmer, National Cancer Director and Chief Executive of the Royal Marsden
- First meeting on 25th January



Next steps?

- Initial thoughts
- Questions and discussion invited