

## Wolfson Institute of Preventive Medicine

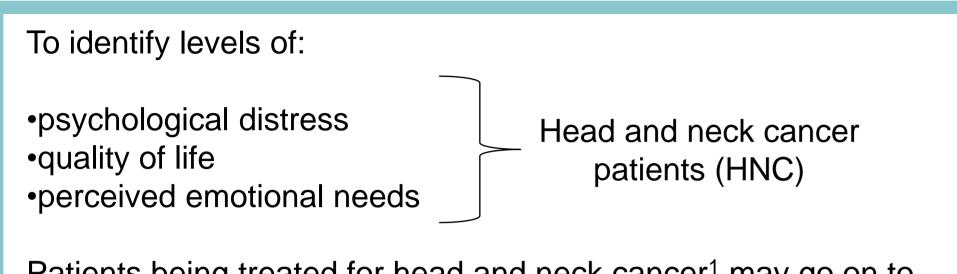


# Quality of life, psychological wellbeing and treatment needs in Head and Neck cancer patients

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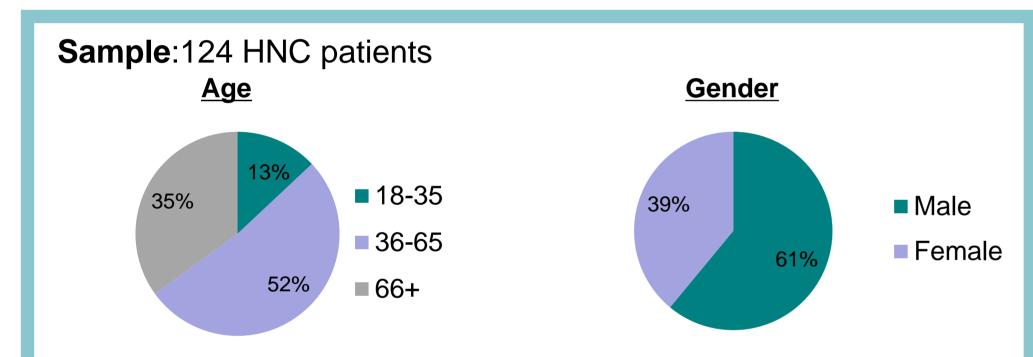
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#### Aims



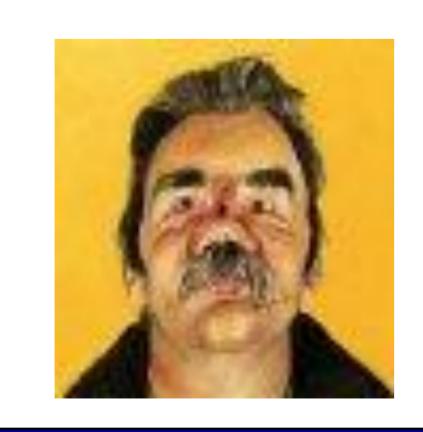
Patients being treated for head and neck cancer<sup>1</sup> may go on to experience psychological distress and poor quality of life.

#### Method

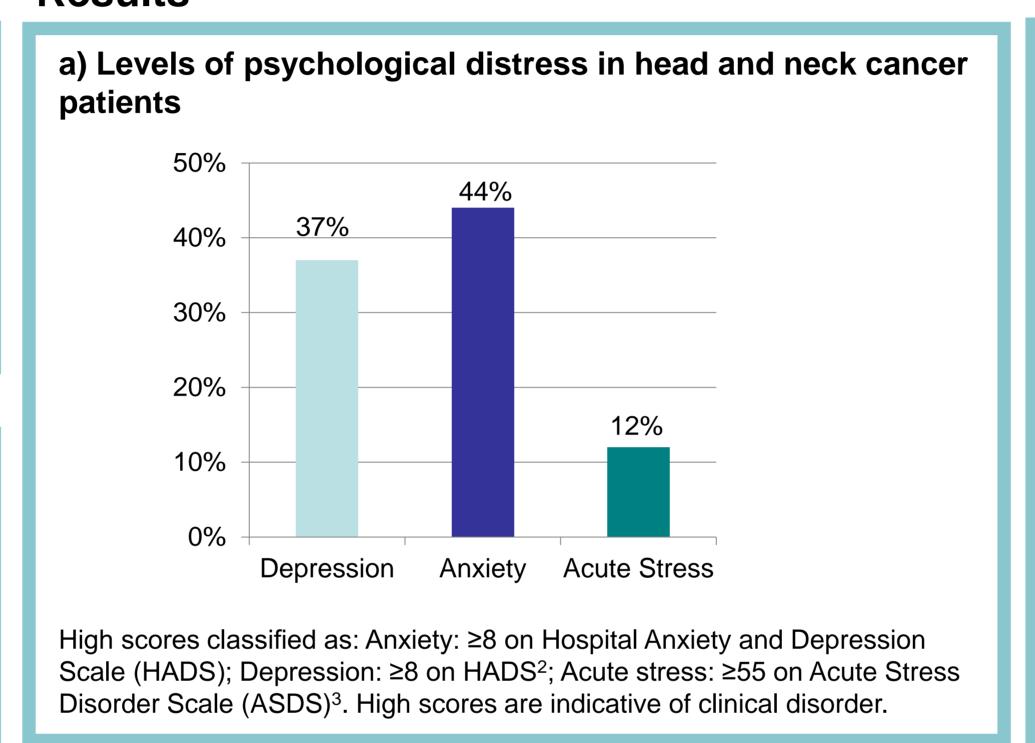


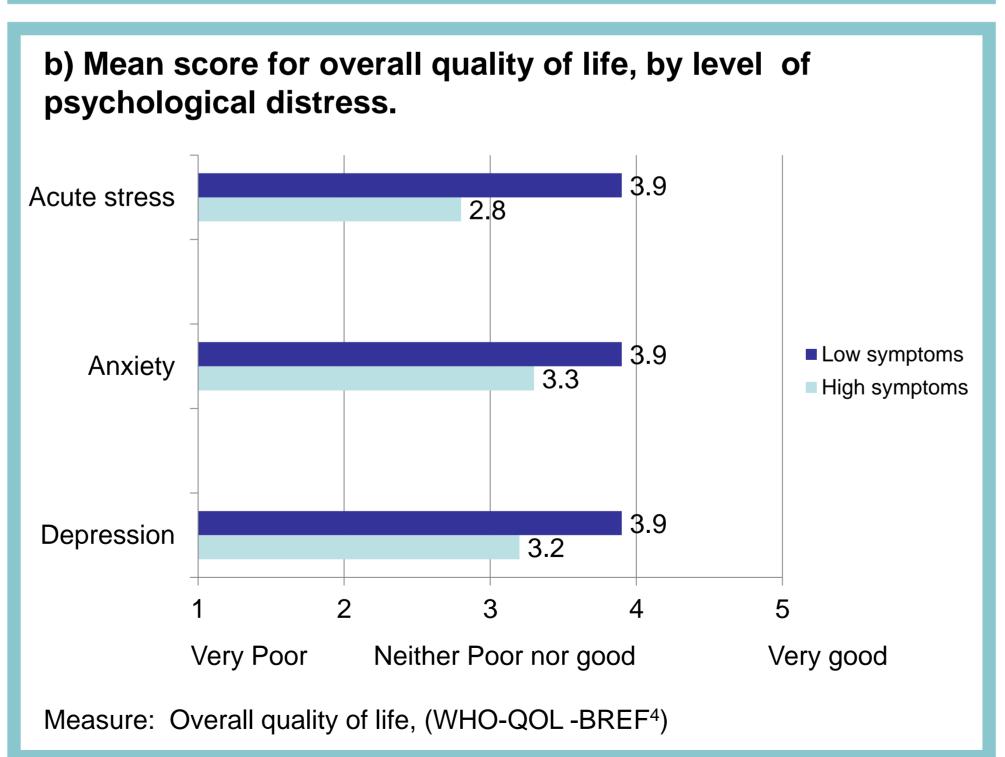
**Procedure**: Audit of all HNC patients attending weekly outpatient clinics. Patients completed self report questionnaires measuring levels of anxiety, depression (HADS), acute stress (ASDS) and quality of life (WHOQOL- BREF).

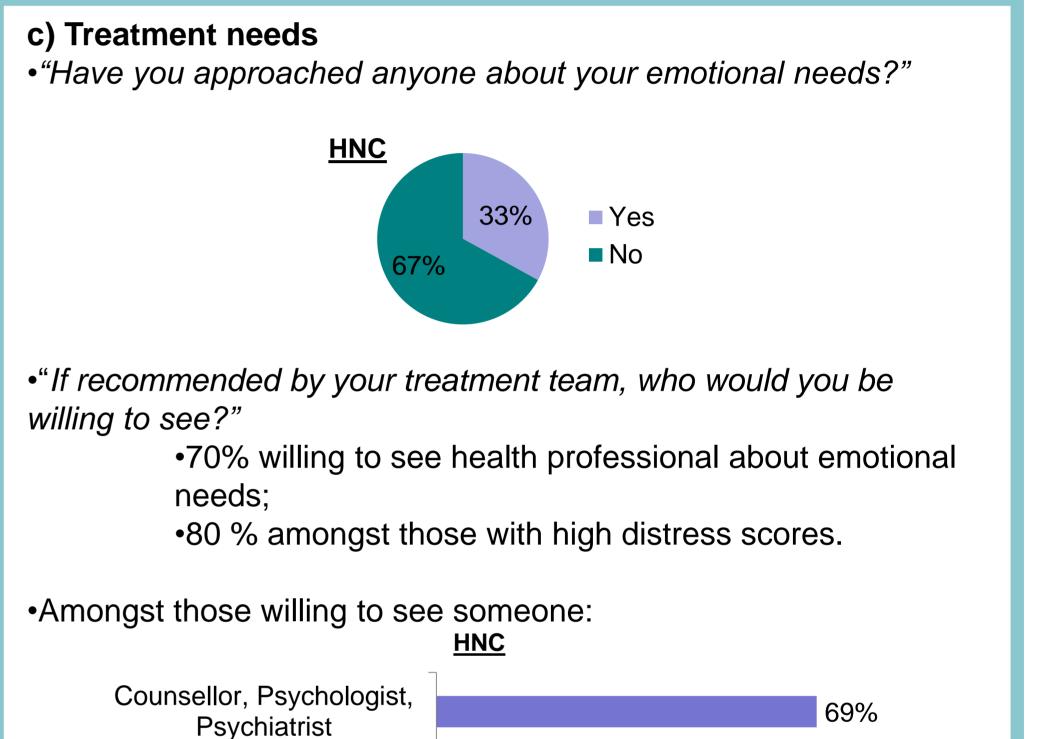
•Head and neck cancer outpatient clinic - St Bartholomew's Hospital; London.



#### Results







51%

### **Clinical implications**

Patient support group / other

patients

•There are high levels of psychological distress in HNC patients.

27%

•Lower quality of life is associated with higher levels of psychological distress.

Nurse

Social worker

- •A measure of psychological distress may be more useful in clinical settings then measuring QOL alone.
- •A high proportion of HNC patients are willing to receive psychological treatment.

