



National Recurrent and Metastatic Breast Cancer: Monitoring data collection

NCIIN Breast SSCRG workshop 12 March 2013

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Background

- 2006 Breast Cancer Care established the Secondary Breast Cancer Taskforce which set up the 'Stand up and be Counted Campaign'.
 - Called for the Department of Health, Scottish Executive and the Welsh Assembly to make the collection of data on metastatic breast cancer incidence and survival a requirement.
- June 2008 at the NCIN launch it was announced that data on recurrence and metastatic cancers should be collected via the Cancer Waiting Times data
- 2010 the Chair of the All Party Parliamentary Group for Breast Cancer Annette Brook, MP asked a question on the issue of data collection for metastatic breast cancer leading to a meeting with David Cameron
- January 2011 Improving Outcomes: A Strategy for Cancer commitment made to ensure that data on recurrent and metastatic breast cancer will be collected initially via a 6 months Pilot Project





- 598 cases were submitted by 15 NHS Trust breast MDTs in the 8 English cancer registry catchment areas
 - 58% of cases presented with distant metastases
 - 40% of cases were diagnosed as a result of routine clinical or imaging follow-up or screening
- 47% of patients had no referral to a CNS or palliative care worker recorded
- 81% of cases were recorded in CWT
 - 93% of cases not recorded in CWT had no treatment
- 94% of cases were recorded either by registries or in the CWT dataset
- Results presented at NCIN conference in June 2012 and published as a Data Briefing in August 2012



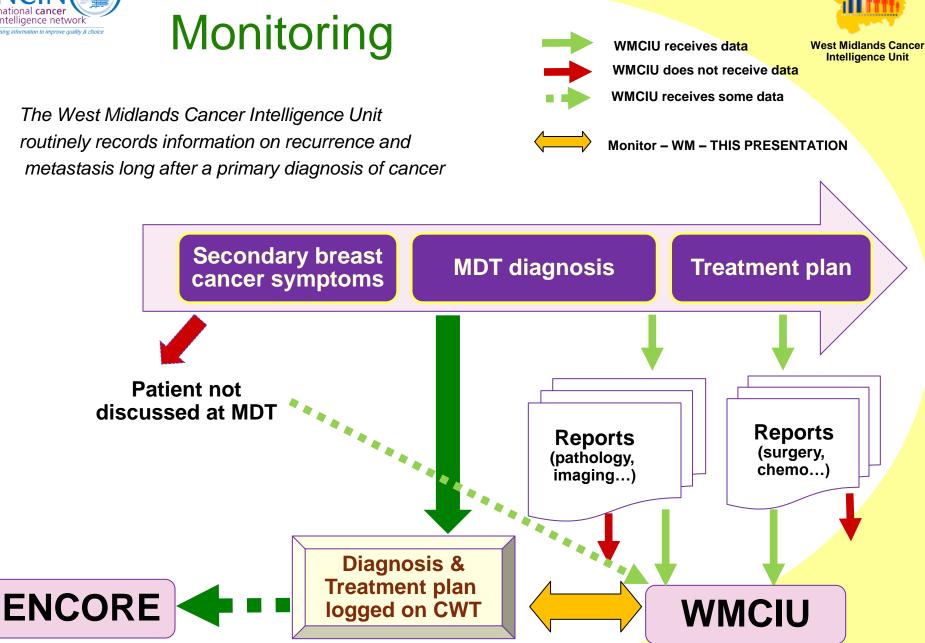
Recommendation



- From 1 April 2012, all NHS trusts should have been recording recurrent and metastatic breast cancer patients in CWT and MDT data
- Following the 'Recurrent and metastatic breast cancer pilot', a recommendation was made to breast MDTs asking them to ensure they
 - "submit data on all patients with recurrent and metastatic breast cancer (whether or not they have active treatment) through monthly NCWTMDS submissions (a mandatory requirement since 2009)".
- The WMCIU has been tasked with monitoring the implementation of this recommendation.











Methodology

- Identify patients with secondary breast cancer on WMCIU's cancer registration database
 - Treated or diagnosed in April Jun 2012
- Match cohort against CWT
 - Does CWT contain records for these patients?

✤ October 2011 – July 2012

- If yes, is a diagnosis of secondary breast cancer recorded on CWT for the period?
- Any variation between NHS Trusts?
- Were patients discussed at MDT?
- Repeat matching for Jul-Sept 2012 (ongoing)
- Reverse matching: secondary disease found on CWT but not on WMCIU database





Disease Type (Apr-Jun 2012, West Midlands)	Number of cases	%
Mets at diagnosis	6	2%
Regional/ Distant Mets	271	68%
Local recurrence/ Disease progression	119	30%
Total	396	100%

Note:

Records from 41 patients with recurrences or disease progression recorded at the WMCIU who had further surgery post adjuvant treatment within the period of interest were used as 'control' for this study.

✓ 2 had no match in CWT

✓39 had a match in CWT

✓ For the 39 with a match, no indication of secondary disease was found on CWT



Coding of breast recurrence/ metastatic disease on CWT



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CWT data item	Values	Meaning			
	3	Treatment for a local recurrence of a primary cancer			
	4	Treatment for a regional recurrence of cancer			
Cancer	5	Treatment for a distant recurrence of cancer (metastatic disease)			
treatment	6	Treatment for multiple recurrences of cancer (local and/or regional and/or distant)			
event type	7	First treatment for metastatic disease following an unknown primary			
	8	Second or subsequent treatment for metastatic disease following an unknown primary			
Metastatic site	1	Bone			
	2	Brain			
	3	Liver			
	4	Lung			
	5	Other metastatic site			
	6	Multiple metastatic sites			
	7	Unknown metastatic site			
	15	Suspected recurrent cancer			
Cancer or	16	Diagnosis of recurrent cancer confirmed - first treatment not yet planned			
Symptomatic	17	Diagnosis of recurrent cancer confirmed - English NHS first treatment planned			
Breast Referral	18	Diagnosis of recurrent cancer confirmed - no English NHS treatment planned			
Patient Status	tatus 19 Diagnosis of recurrent cancer confirmed - subsequent treatment not yet planned				
	20	Diagnosis of recurrent cancer confirmed - subsequent English NHS treatment planned			

Rule used to identify secondary breast disease on CWT: at least one of the above must be true

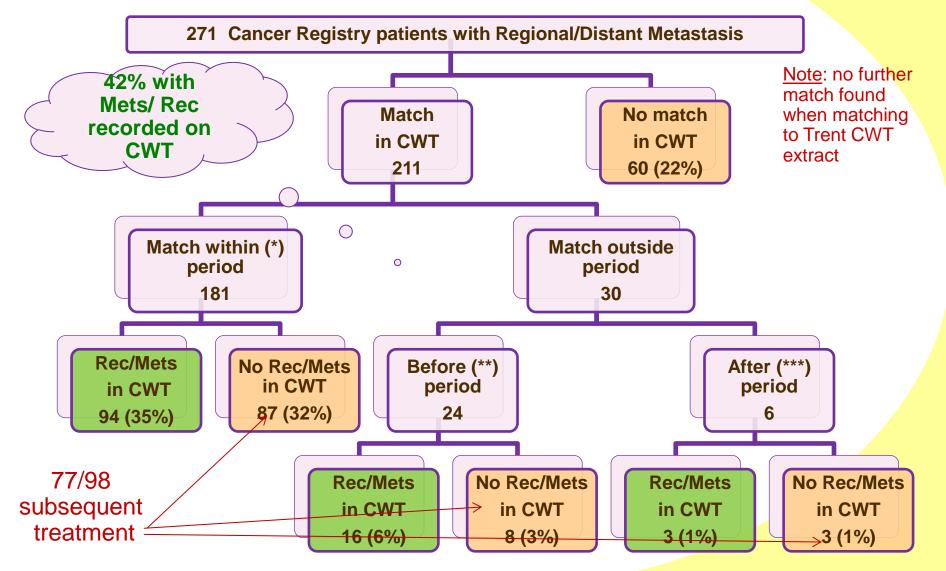


Match against CWT

(regional and distant metastasis)

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- 6 patients were first diagnosed with metastatic breast cancer in April – June 2012
 - 1 recorded on CWT with Mets at diagnosis; discussed at MDT
 - 4 recorded on CWT for Primary breast cancer (no indication of Mets) – All were discussed at MDT
 - 1 not found on CWT





Variation between NHS Trusts

WM NHS Trust	Average N° of 1° BCs diagnosed at Trust in Apr-Jun (2010/11/12)	N ^o patients with Regional/ Distant Mets on Registry records (Apr-Jun 2012)	% Recorded on CWT with 2° BC (Oct 2011 - Aug 2012)	Ratio 1º/2º (Registry data)
Α	151	20	50%	0.13
В	129	32	34%	0.25
С	124	29	34%	0.23
D	120	24	63%	0.20
E	110	17	24%	0.16
F	108	34	0%	0.31
G	82	33	55%	0.40
Н	79	13	46%	0.17
	63	6	50%	0.10
J	62	20	70%	0.32
K	60	6	83%	0.10
L	58	9	56%	0.15
Μ	56	7	86%	0.13
Ν	51	2	50%	0.04
0	34	5	40%	0.15

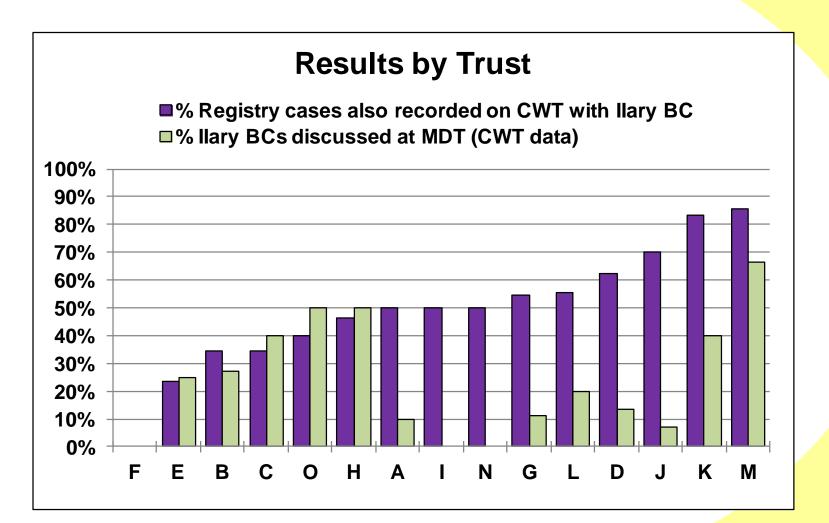






N° patients with % Recorded on CWT WM NHS **Regional/ Distant Mets** % of CWT cases with 2° BC on Registry records Trust discussed at MDT (Oct 2011 - Aug 2012) (Apr-Jun 2012) 20 50% 10% Α 32 В 34% 27% С 29 34% 40% D 24 63% 13% Ε 17 24% 25% F 34 0% 0% 33 G 55% 11% Н 13 46% 50% 6 50% 0% 20 70% 7% J Κ 6 83% 40% L 9 56% 20% 7 Μ 86% 67% Ν 2 50% 0% 0 5 40% 50%

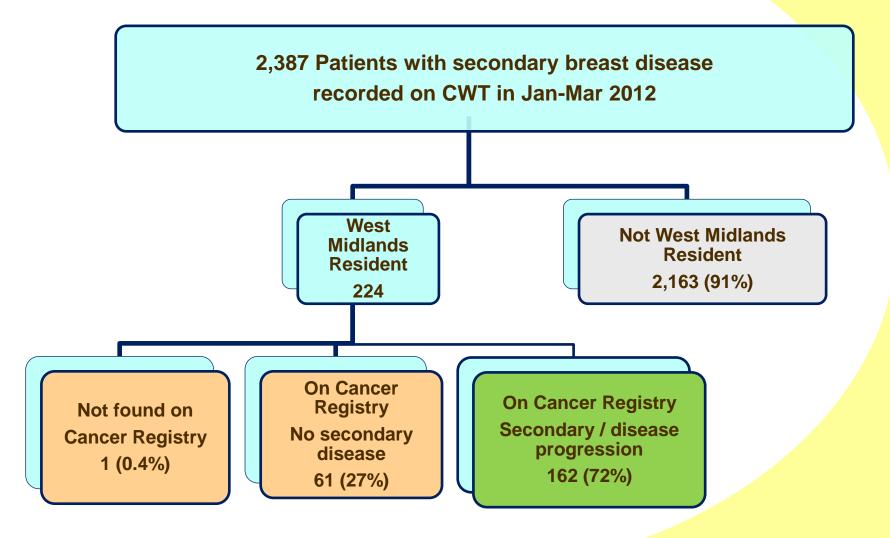
















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